

Revision nr. 2

Dated 29/03/2021 Printed on 29/03/2021

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Replaced revision:1 (Dated: 04/02/2016)

### M3124 - JOLLY MASTICE PER MARMI

# Safety Data Sheet According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

### SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

M3124, M3132, M3138, M3141, M3142, M3143, M3145, M3146 Code:

**JOLLY MASTICE PER MARMI** Product name

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Mastic for marble, Professional use only.

Uses related to the substances:

Identified Uses Industrial Professional Consumer

Styrene PROC: 1, 10, 11, 3, 4, 5, 8a.

**Uses Advised Against** SU21: Consumer use

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

ILPA ADESIVI SRL Name Full address Via Ferorelli. 4 District and Country 70132 BARI (BARI)

**ITALIA** 

Tel. + 39 0805383837 Fax + 39 0805377807

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet laboratorio@ilpa.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

+ 39 0808974667 (Technical support - 8,00 - 17,00 - LUN-VEN; MON-FRI)(Italian time For urgent inquiries refer to

zone)

Safety Executive (HSE) Chemicals Regulation Directorate 5S.1 Redgrave Court, Merton

Road, Bootle, Merseyside. L20 7HS.

Phone: +44 151 9513317

### **SECTION 2. Hazards identification**



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#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flammable liquid, category 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

Reproductive toxicity, category 2 H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1 H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Eye irritation, category 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin irritation, category 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

Skin sensitization, category 1A H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

#### Hazard pictograms:







Signal words:

### Hazard statements:

**H226** Flammable liquid and vapour.

Danger

**H361d** Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

**H317** May cause an allergic skin reaction.

### Precautionary statements:

**P201** Obtain special instructions before use.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.
P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.

P370+P378 In case of fire: useuse carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder to extinguish.

Contains: STYRENE

MALEIC ANHYDRIDE

Product not intended for uses provided for by Dir. 2004/42/CE.



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#### 2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

### **SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)

**STYRENE** 

CAS 100-42-5 13,5 ≤ x < 15 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Repr. 2 H361d, Acute Tox. 4 H332, STOT RE 1 H372,

Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412, Classification note/notes according to Annex VI to

the CLP Regulation: D

EC 202-851-5

INDEX 601-026-00-0

Reg. no. 01-2119457861-32

**ETHYL ACETATE** 

CAS 141-78-6 0,05 ≤ x < 0,1 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC 205-500-4

INDEX 607-022-00-5

Reg. no. 01-2119475103-46

**XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)** 

CAS 1330-20-7 0 ≤ x < 0,05 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304,

STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335,

Classification note/notes according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C

EC 215-535-7

INDEX 601-022-00-9

Reg. no. 01-2119488216-32

**MALEIC ANHYDRIDE** 

CAS 108-31-6 0,001  $\leq$  x < 0,05 Acute Tox. 4 H302, STOT RE 1 H372, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1

H318, Resp. Sens. 1 H334, Skin Sens. 1A H317, EUH071

EC 203-571-6

INDEX 607-096-00-9

Reg. no. 01-2119472428-31-XXXX

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

CAS 34590-94-8  $0 \le x < 0.05$  Substance with a community workplace exposure limit.

EC 252-104-2

INDEX -

Reg. no. 01-2119450011-60-XXXX

**ETHYLBENZENE** 

CAS 100-41-4 0 ≤ x < 0,05 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373,

Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

EC 202-849-4

INDEX 601-023-00-4



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Reg. no. 01-2119489370-35

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

### **SECTION 4. First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

PROTECTIVE MEASURES FOR THE FIRST RESCUE WORKERS: for PPE (personal protection equipment) required for first aid refer to section 8.2 of this safety data sheet.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

### **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

#### HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

### GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).



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#### **SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

### **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No use other than specified in Section 1.2 of this safety data sheet.

### **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

DEU Deutschland

TRGS 900 - Seite 1 von 69 (Fassung 29.03.2019)- Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte



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ESP España  $\mathsf{FRA}$ France GRC Ελλάδα HRV/ Hrvatska LÍMITES DE EXPOSICIÓN PROFESIONAL PARA AGENTES QUÍMICOS EN ESPAÑA 2019 (INSST) Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS ΕΦΗΜΕΡΙΔΑ ΤΗΣ ΚΥΒΕΡΝΗΣΕΩΣ - ΤΕΥΧΟΣ ΠΡΩΤΟ Αρ. Φύλλου 152 - 21 Αυγούστου 2018 Pravilnik o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnim kemikalijama na radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti

i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 91/18) Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81

Italia ITA NLD Nederland

Regeling van de Staatssecretaris van Sociale Zaken en Werkgelegenheid van 13 juli 2018, 2018-0000118517 tot wijziging van de Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling in verband met de implementatie van

Richtlijn 2017/164 in Bijlage XIII

PRT Portugal Ministério da Economia e do Emprego Consolida as prescrições mínimas em matéria de protecção dos trabalhadores contra os riscos para a segurança e a saúde devido à exposição a agentes químicos no trabalho - Diário da República, 1.ª série - N.º 111 - 11 de junho de 2018

United Kingdom OEL EU

TLV-ACGIH

tradaint - Diano da Republica, 1: Sene - N.: 111 - 111 de julnio de 2016 EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Third edition, published 2018) Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive

2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.

ACGIH 2020

GBR

EU

Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks Observa		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	0500114		
VLA	ESP	86	20	172	40			
VLEP	FRA	100	23,3	200	46,6			
TLV	GRC	425	100	1050	250			
GVI/KGVI	HRV	430	100	1080	250	SKIN		
TGG	NLD	107						
WEL	GBR	430	100	1080	250			
TLV-ACGIH		10		20				
Predicted no-effect concentra	ation - PNEC							
Normal value in fresh water				0,028	m	g/l		
Normal value in marine wate	er			0,014	m	g/l		
Normal value for fresh water	sediment			0,614	m	g/kg/d		
Normal value for marine water	er sediment			0,0614	m	g/kg/d		
Normal value for water, inter	mittent release			0,04	m	g/l		
Normal value of STP microo	rganisms			5	m	g/l		
Normal value for the terrestri	ial compartment			0,2	m	g/kg/d		
Health - Derived no-effe		DMEL						
	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral			VND	2.1 mg/kg		-,		.,

nealth - Derived no-effect is	evel - DINEL / DI	VIEL						
	Effects on				Effects on			
	consumers				workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic local	Chronic
				systemic		systemic		systemic
Oral			VND	2,1 mg/kg				
				bw/d				
Inhalation	182,75 mg/m3	174,25 mg/m3	VND	10,2 mg/m3	306 mg/m3	289 mg/m3	VND	85 mg/m3
Skin			VND	343 mg/kg			VND	406 mg/kg
				bw/d				bw/d

ETHYL ACETATE	
Threshold Limit Va	ı

Type	Country	TWA/8h STE		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
AGW	DEU	730	200	1460	400	
MAK	DEU	750	200	1500	400	



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VLA	ESP	734	200	1468	400		
VLEP	FRA	734	200	1468	400		
TLV	GRC	734	200	1468	400		
GVI/KGVI	HRV	734	200	1468	400		
TGG	NLD	734		1468			
VLE	PRT	734	200	1468	400		
WEL	GBR	734	200	1468	400		
OEL	EU	734	200	1468	400		
TLV-ACGIH		1441	400				
Predicted no-effect con	centration - PNEC						
Normal value in fresh w	vater			0,24		mg/l	
Normal value in marine	water			0,024		mg/l	
Normal value for fresh	water sediment			1,15		mg/kg/d	
Normal value for marine	e water sediment			0,115		mg/kg/d	
Normal value for water,	, intermittent release			1,65		mg/l	
Normal value of STP m	nicroorganisms			650		mg/l	
Normal value for the fo	od chain (secondary poi	soning)		200		mg/kg	
Normal value for the te	rrestrial compartment			0,148		mg/kg/d	
Normal value for the at	mosphere			NPI			

Health - Derived no-effe	Effects on	MEL			Effects on			
	consumers				workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral			VND	4,5 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	734 mg/m3	734 mg/m3	367 mg/m3	367 mg/m3	1468 mg/m3	1468 mg/m3	734 mg/m3	734 mg/m3
Skin			VND	37 mg/kg bw/d			VND	63 mg/kg bw/d

### XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
AGW	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN	
MAK	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN	
VLA	ESP	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
VLEP	FRA	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
TLV	GRC	435	100	650	150		
GVI/KGVI	HRV	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
VLEP	ITA	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
TGG	NLD	210		442		SKIN	
VLE	PRT	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100	SKIN	
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150		



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						1	(===		
Predicted no-effect concentra	ation DNEC								
Normal value in fresh water	AUOII - FINEC			0.227	ma	x/I			
				0,327	mg				
Normal value in marine water				0,327	mg				
Normal value for fresh water				12,46	mg/kg/d				
Normal value for marine water				12,46		g/kg/d			
Normal value for water, interr				0,327	mg	g/l			
Normal value of STP microor	ganisms			6,58	mg	-			
Normal value for the terrestria	al compartment			2,31	mg	g/kg/d			
Health - Derived no-effe	ct level - DNEL / I Effects on consumers	OMEL			Effects on workers				
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	
Oral			VND	1,6 mg/kg bw/d		Systemic		Systemic	
Inhalation Skin	174 mg/m3	174 mg/m3	VND VND	14,8 mg/m3	289 mg/m3	289 mg/m3	VND VND	77 mg/m3 180 mg/kg	
SKIII			VND	108 mg/kg bw/d			VND	bw/d	
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE Threshold Limit Value									
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks			
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	Observati	ons		
AGW	DEU	0,081	0,02	0,081 (C)	0,02 (C)				
MAK	DEU	0,081	0,02	0,081 (C)	0,02 (C)		C = 0,20	mg/m3	
VLA	ESP	0,4	0,1						
VLEP	FRA			1					
TLV	GRC	1							
GVI/KGVI	HRV	0,41	0,1	0,8	0,2	INHAL			
GVI/KGVI	HRV	0,41	0,1	0,8	0,2	SKIN			
WEL	GBR	1	-,	3					
TLV-ACGIH		0,01	0,0025						
Predicted no-effect concentra	ation - PNFC								
Normal value in fresh water				0,075	mg	n/l			
Normal value in marine water	·			0,0075	mg				
Normal value for fresh water				0,06		g/kg			
Normal value for marine water				0,006		g/kg g/kg			
Normal value for water, interr				48,1	mg	-			
Normal value of STP microor				4,46	mg	-			
Normal value for the food cha		ning)		6,67		g/kg			
Normal value for the terrestria		y <i>i</i>		0,01		g/kg g/kg			
Health - Derived no-effe	<u> </u>	OMEL		0,01	mç	y/ng 			
Health - Derived no-ene	Effects on consumers	JIIILL			Effects on workers				
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	
Oral		0,1 mg/kg bw/d		0,06 mg/kg bw/d		Systemic		- Jysteriilo	
Inhalation			0,08 mg/m3	0,05 mg/m3	0,8 mg/m3	0,8 mg/m3	0,32 mg/m3	0,19 mg/m3	



MAK

VLA

VLEP

TLV

DEU

ESP

FRA

GRC

88

441

88,4

435

20

100

20

100

### **ILPA ADESIVI SRL**

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0,1 mg/kg bw/d

Skin

0,1 mg/kg bw/d 0,2 mg/kg bw/d

SKIN

SKIN

SKIN

0,2 mg/kg bw/d

				DII/ G		bw/u		DW/ G
DIPROPYLENE GLYC	OL MONOMETHYL	ETHER						
Threshold Limit Value								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations	;	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
AGW	DEU	310	50	310	50			
MAK	DEU	310	50	310	50			
VLA	ESP	308	50			SKIN		
VLEP	FRA	308	50			SKIN		
TLV	GRC	600	100	900	150			
GVI/KGVI	HRV	308	50			SKIN		
VLEP	ITA	308	50			SKIN		
TGG	NLD	300						
VLE	PRT	308	50			SKIN		
WEL	GBR	308	50			SKIN		
OEL	EU	308	50			SKIN		
TLV-ACGIH		606	100	909	150	SKIN		
Predicted no-effect concen-	tration - PNEC							
Normal value in fresh water	r			19	mg	ı/I		
Normal value in marine wat	ter			1,9	mg	ı/I		
Normal value for fresh water	er sediment			70,2	mg	/kg		
Normal value for marine wa	ater sediment			7,02	mg	/kg		
Normal value for water, inte	ermittent release			190	mg	/I		
Normal value of STP micro	organisms			4168	mg	/I		
Normal value for the terrest	trial compartment			2,74	mg	/kg		
Health - Derived no-ef	fect level - DNEL / I Effects on consumers	DMEL			Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic	Acute local		Chronic local	Chronic
Oral				systemic 1,67 mg/kg		systemic		systemic
Inhalation				bw/d 37,2 mg/m3				310 mg/m3
Skin				15 mg/kg bw/d				65 mg/kg bw/d
ETHYLBENZENE Threshold Limit Value								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations	3	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
AGW	DEU	88	20	176	40	SKIN		

176

884

442

545

40

200

100

125



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1913)   24 -	JULLI	IVIAGIIGE	- FLN	IVIARIVII

GVI/KGVI	HRV	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
VLEP	ITA	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
TGG	NLD	215		430		SKIN	
VLE	PRT	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
WEL	GBR	441	100	552	125	SKIN	
OEL	EU	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
TLV-ACGIH		87	20				

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC			
Normal value in fresh water	1	mg/l	
Normal value in marine water	1	mg/l	
Normal value for fresh water sediment	137	mg/kg/d	
Normal value for marine water sediment	137	mg/kg/d	
Normal value for water, intermittent release	1	mg/l	
Normal value of STP microorganisms	96	mg/l	
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	268	mg/kg/d	

Health - Derived no-eff	Effects on consumers	JIVILL			Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral			NPI	1,6 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	NPI	VND	NPI	15 mg/m3	293 mg/m3	VND	NPI	77 mg/m3
Skin	NPI	NPI	NPI	NPI	NPI	NPI	NPI	180 mg/kg bw/d

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

#### HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

### SKIN PROTECTION



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Wear category III professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

#### **EYE PROTECTION**

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

In the presence of risks of exposure to splashes or squirts during work, adequate mouth, nose and eye protection should be used to prevent accidental absorption.

### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

### ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

### **SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance paste
Colour various

Odour characteristic of solvent

Odour threshold Not available Remark:0,32 ppm (STYRENE: Journal of

Applied Toxicology, 3(6):272-290. 1983.)

Substance:STYRENE

pH Not applicable Reason for missing data:solvent base

product,

Melting point / freezing point Not available Substance:STYRENE

Temperature:-30,7°C

Initial boiling point Not available Substance:STYRENE

Temperature:145°C

Boiling range Not applicable Flash point  $23 \le T \le 60$  °C

Evaporation rate Not available Concentration:0,49 (butyl acetate=1)

Substance:STYRENE

Flammability (solid, gas) not applicable

Lower inflammability limit Not available Concentration:1,2 Vol%

Substance:STYRENE

Upper inflammability limit Not available Concentration:8,9 Vol%

Substance:STYRENE

Lower explosive limit

Not applicable

Upper explosive limit

Not applicable

Vapour pressure Not available Concentration:6,67 hPa (T=20°C)



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Substance:STYRENE

Vapour density

Not available

Concentration:3,6 (air=1)

Substance:STYRENE

Relative density 1,8 g/ml

Solubility water: 0,24 g/l; soluble in

organic solvents. (STYRENE)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available

available Concentration:Log Pow 2,96

Substance:STYRENE

Auto-ignition temperature Not available Substance:STYRENE

Temperature:490°C (1,013hPa)

Decomposition temperature Not applicable

Viscosity  $800 \pm 300 \,\text{Pas} \,(\text{T} = 25 \,^{\circ}\text{C})$  Explosive properties Product is not explosive.

(STYRENE)

Oxidising properties not applicable

9.2. Other information

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EC) : 14,91 % - 268,45 g/litre
VOC (volatile carbon) : 13,72 % - 246,97 g/litre

### **SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

STYRENE

Polymerises at temperatures above 65°C/149°F.Fire hazard.Possibility of explosion.

Added with an inhibitor that requires a small amount of dissolved oxygen at temperatures < 25°C/77°F.

ETHYL ACETATE

Decomposes slowly into acetic acid and ethanol under the effect of light, air and water.

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

Forms peroxides with: air.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.



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#### STYRENE

May react dangerously with: peroxides,strong acids.May polymerise on contact with: aluminium trichloride,azobisisobutyronitrile,dibenzoyl peroxide,sodium.Risk of explosion on contact with: butyllithium,chlorosulphuric acid,diterbutyl peroxide,oxidising substances,oxygen.

### ETHYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: alkaline metals,hydrides,oleum. May react violently with: fluorine, strong oxidising agents, chlorosulphuric acid, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

### XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.Reacts violently with: strong oxidants,strong acids,nitric acid,perchlorates.May form explosive mixtures with: air.

#### DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

May react violently with: strong oxidising agents.

#### ETHYLBENZENE

Reacts violently with: strong oxidants. Attacks various types of plastic materials. May form explosive mixtures with: air.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

#### STYRENE

Avoid contact with: oxidising substances, copper, strong acids.

#### ETHYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: light, sources of heat, naked flames.

#### DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat. Possibility of explosion.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

#### STYRENE

Incompatible materials: plastic materials.

#### ETHYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: acids,bases,strong oxidants,aluminium,nitrates,chlorosulphuric acid.Incompatible materials:

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.



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#### ETHYLBENZENE

May develop: methane, styrene, hydrogen, ethane.

### **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

STYRENE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air.

ETHYLBENZENE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

### STYRENE

The acute toxicity by inhalation at 1000 ppm affects the central nervous system with headache and dizziness, lack of coordination; irritation of the eye and respiratory tract mucous membranes occurs at 500 ppm. Chronic exposure causes depression of the central and peripheral nervous system with loss of memory, headache and drowsiness starting at 20 ppm; digestive disorders with nausea and loss of appetite; irritation of the respiratory tract with chronic bronchitis; dermatosis. Repeated exposure, at low doses of inhaled substance, causes irreversible changes to hearing and may cause changes in colour vision. No certain data is available on the reversibility of the visual impairment. Repeated skin exposure causes irritation. The substance degreases the skin, which can cause dryness and cracking.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Toxic effect on the central nervous system (encephalopathy); irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

#### ETHYLBENZENE

As the counterparts of benzene, may have an acute effect on the central nervous system, with depression, narcosis, often preceded by dizziness and associated with headache (Ispesl). Is irritating for skin, conjunctiva and respiratory tract.



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#### Interactive effects

#### STYRENE

The metabolism of the substance is inhibited by ethanol. When styrene is photo-oxidised with ozone and nitrogen dioxide, as in the formation of smog, products highly irritating for the human eye may ensue.

#### XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Intake of alcohol interferes with the metabolism of the substance, inhibiting it. Ethanol consumption (0.8 g/kg) before a 4-hour exposure to xylene vapours (145 and 280 ppm) causes a 50% reduction in the excretion of methyl hippuric acid, whereas the concentration of xylenes in the blood increases approx. 1.5-2 times. At the same time there is an increase in the secondary side effects of the ethanol. The metabolism of the xylenes is increased by phenobarbital and 3-methyl-colantrene type enzyme inducers. Aspirin and xylenes mutually inhibit their conjugation with the glycine, which results in a decrease in urinary excretion of methyl hippuric acid. Other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of xylenes.

### **ACUTE TOXICITY**

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture:
> 20 mg/l
ATE (Oral) of the mixture:
Not classified (no significant component)
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:
Not classified (no significant component)

### XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

LD50 (Oral) 3523 mg/kg Rat (equivalent or similar to EU Method B.1)

LD50 (Dermal) 4200 mg/kg Rabbit (Industrial Medicine 39, 215-200, 1970)

LC50 (Inhalation) 26 mg/l/4h Rat(equivalent or similar to EU Method B.2)

#### DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

LD50 (Oral) > 5000 mg/kg RAT

LD50 (Dermal) > 9500 mg/kg RAT

### ETHYLBENZENE

LD50 (Oral) 3500 mg/kg Rat (standard acute method)

LD50 (Dermal) 15354 mg/kg Rabbit (standard acute method)

LC50 (Inhalation) 17,8 mg/l/4h Rat (standard acute method)

### STYRENE



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LD50 (Oral) 5000 mg/kg Rat (MSDS Supplier)

LD50 (Dermal) > 2000 mg/kg Rat (OECD Guideline 402)

LC50 (Inhalation) 11,8 mg/l/4h Rat (Archives of Environmental Health 18: 878-882 - sito ECHA)

ETHYL ACETATE

LD50 (Oral) 4934 mg/kg Rabbit (Equivalent to OECD 401)

LD50 (Dermal) 20000 mg/kg Rabbit (Publication Am Ind Hyg Ass J, 23, 95)

LC50 (Inhalation) 22,5 mg/l/6h Rat (40 CFR Part 799 (58 FR 40262))

MALEIC ANHYDRIDE

LD50 (Oral) 400 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal) 610 mg/kg Rat

#### SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

#### SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

### RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

#### GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

### CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### STYRENE

Classified in Group 2B (possible human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 2002). Classified as "probable carcinogen" by the US National Toxicology Program (NTP) - (US DHHS, 2014).

### XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".



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#### ETHYLBENZENE

Classified in Group 2B (possible human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 2000).
Classified in Group D (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) - (US EPA file on-line 2014).

#### REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Suspected of damaging the unborn child

#### STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

### STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Causes damage to organs

#### **ASPIRATION HAZARD**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class Viscosity: 800 ± 300 Pas (T = 25 °C)

### **SECTION 12. Ecological information**

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

### 12.1. Toxicity

### XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

LC50 - for Fish 2,6 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss (OECD TG 203)

Chronic NOEC for Fish 1,3 mg/l 56d Oncorhynchus mykiss (Appl. Sci. Branch, Eng. Res. Cent.

Denver, CO: 15p.)

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 1,17 mg/l 7d Ceriodaphnia dubia (Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety

39, 136-146)

### ETHYLBENZENE

LC50 - for Fish 4,2 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss, according to (OECD Guideline 203)

EC50 - for Crustacea 2,4 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna, According to EPA method F

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 5,4 mg/l/72h Selenastrum capricornutum, according to (U.S. EPA.1985

Federal register, Volume 50, Number 188)

**STYRENE** 

LC50 - for Fish 10 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas (OECD Guideline 203, GLP)
EC50 - for Crustacea 4,7 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 202, GLP)

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 4,9 mg/l/72h Selenastrum capricornutum (EPA OTS 797.1050, GLP)

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 1,01 mg/l/21d Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 211, GLP)



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**ETHYL ACETATE** 

LC50 - for Fish 230 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas (US EPA method E03-05)

EC50 - for Crustacea 165 mg/l/48h Dapnia (Rif. SDS fornitore)

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 100 mg/l Scenedesmus subspicatus (OECD Guideline 201, GLP)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Solubility in water 100 - 1000 Handbook of aqueous solubility data. mg/l

Rapidly degradable

OECD Guideline 301 F, GLP

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL

**ETHER** 

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

**ETHYLBENZENE** 

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

ISO 14593-CO2-Headspace Test, GLP

**STYRENE** 

Solubility in water 320 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

10 d, 68% according to (ISO DIS 9408)

ETHYL ACETATE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

(Publication JWPCF 46(1), p63-77)

MALEIC ANHYDRIDE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Entirely degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3,12 American Chemical Society, Washington DC

BCF 25,9 Appl. Sci. Branch, Eng. Res. Cent. Denver, CO: 15p.

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL

ETHER

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,0043

ETHYLBENZENE



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Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

3,6

**STYRENE** 

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

2,96

BCF

74

**ETHYL ACETATE** 

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

0.68

BCF

30

MALEIC ANHYDRIDE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

-2.78

12.4. Mobility in soil

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Partition coefficient: soil/water

2,73 equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 121

**STYRENE** 

Partition coefficient: soil/water

352 (Section 4.3 of Chapter on QSAR in the TGD)

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

### **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

### **SECTION 14. Transport information**

### 14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 3269



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### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: POLYESTER RESIN KIT (Contens: Styrene) MIXTURE IMDG: POLYESTER RESIN KIT (Contens: Styrene) MIXTURE IATA: POLYESTER RESIN KIT (Contens: Styrene) MIXTURE

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



### 14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO
IMDG: NO
IATA: NO

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: -- Limited Quantities: 5 L Tunnel restriction code: (E)

Special Provision: -

IMDG: EMS: F-E, S-D Limited Quantities: 5 L

IATA: Cargo: Maximum quantity: 10 Kg Packaging instructions: 370
Pass.: Maximum quantity: 10 Kg Packaging instructions: 370

Special Instructions: A66, A163

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

### **SECTION 15. Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: P5c

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006



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Product Point

- 3. Liquid substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/ 2008:
- (a) hazard classes 2.1 to 2.4, 2.6 and 2.7, 2.8 types A and B, 2.9, 2.10, 2.12, 2.13 categories 1 and 2, 2.14 categories 1 and 2, 2.15 types A to F;
- (b) hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10;
- (c) hazard class 4.1;
- (d) hazard class 5.1.
- 40. Substances classified as flammable gases category 1 or 2, flammable liquids categories 1, 2 or 3, flammable solids category 1 or 2, substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, category 1, 2 or 3, pyrophoric liquids category 1 or pyrophoric solids category 1, regardless of whether they appear in Part 3 of Annex VI to that Regulation or not.

### Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

### Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been performed for the following contained substances

STYRENE

ETHYL ACETATE

### **SECTION 16. Other information**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:



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Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3
Repr. 2 Reproductive toxicity, category 2

Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4

STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1

Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1

STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2

Skin Corr. 1B Skin corrosion, category 1B

Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2

Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Resp. Sens. 1Respiratory sensitization, category 1Skin Sens. 1ASkin sensitization, category 1A

Aquatic Chronic 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**EUH066** Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**EUH071** Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

### Use descriptor system:

PROC	1	Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions.
PROC	10	Roller application or brushing
PROC	11	Non industrial spraying
PROC	3	Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition
PROC	4	Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises
PROC	5	Mixing or blending in batch processes
PROC	8a	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities



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#### LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- · WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

### GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 10. Regulation (EÚ) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP) 15. Regulation (EU) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP) 16. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.



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Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11. Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Training for workers:

Worker training should include content, updates and duration depending on the risk profiles assigned to the business sectors they belong

Changes to previous review:
The following sections were modified:
01 / 02 / 03 / 04 / 06 / 07 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 14 / 15 / 16.