ILF	PA ADESIVI SRL		Revision nr. 1 Dated 21/07/2016
			Printed on 25/07/2016
С7118 - МАХ -	DILUENTE ANTISIL	ICONICO	Page n. 1/16
	Sofoty do	ta abaat	
	Safety da	ta sneet	
SECTION 1. Identification of the	substance/mixture a	and of the company	//undertaking
1.1. Product identifier			
Code: Product name	C7118 MAX - DILUENTE AN	NTISILICONICO	
	-		
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substan Intended use		sed against y product. Professional us	e only.
	······		
Uses advised against: no one in particular			
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data	a sheet		
Name	ILPA ADESIVI SRL		
Full address District and Country	Via Ferorelli, 4 70132 BARI (BARI) ITALIA		
	Tel. + 39 0805383837	7	
	Fax + 39 0805377807		
e-mail address of the competent person			
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	aborricelli@ilpa.it		
1.4. Emergency telephone number			
For urgent inquiries refer to	+ 39 3355405598 (Te zone)	echnical support - 8,00 - 17	,00 - LUN-VEN; MON-FRI)(Italian time
		/side. L20 7HS.	Directorate 5S.1 Redgrave Court, Merton
SECTION 2. Hazards identificati	on.		
2.1. Classification of the substance or mixt	Jre.		
ne product is classified as hazardous pursua upplements). The product thus requires a safet ny additional information concerning the risks f	y datasheet that complies with	the provisions of EC Regula	ation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments
azard classification and indication:	L1005	Highly flormoble	liquid and vanour
Flammable liquid, category 2 Reproductive toxicity, category 2	H225 H361	Suspected of dan	liquid and vapour. naging fertility or the unborn child.
Aspiration hazard, category 1 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposit	H304 ure, category 2 H373		rallowed and enters airways. ge to organs through prolonged or repeated

Eye irritation, category 2 Skin irritation, category 2	H319 H315
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H336
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2	H411

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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2.2. Label elements.

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words:

Danger

Hazard statements:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P201 P210 P260 P280 P308+P313	Obtain special instructions before use. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray. Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.
P370+P378	In case of fire: use carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder to extinguish.
Contains:	HEXANE ETHYL ACETATE

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

2.3. Other hazards.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.

3.1. Substances.

Information not relevant.

3.2. Mixtures.

Contains:

Identification.

Conc. %.

Classification 1272/2008 (CLP).

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HEXANE		
CAS	78 - 82	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Repr. 2 H361, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411, Note C
EC		•
INDEX. 601-007-00-7		
Reg. no. 01-2119474209-33		
ETHYL ACETATE		
CAS. 141-78-6	10 - 11,5	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066
EC. 205-500-4		
INDEX. 607-022-00-5		
Reg. no. 01-2119475103-46		
HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS		
CAS	8 - 9	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H335, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411, EUH066
EC. 918-668-5		
INDEX		
Reg. no. 01-2119455851-35		

Note: Upper limit is not included into the range.

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures.

4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

PROTECTIVE MEASURES FOR THE FIRST RESCUE WORKERS: for PPE (personal protection equipment) required for first aid refer to section 8.2 of this safety data sheet.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.

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SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.

5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Check incompatibility for container material in section 7. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

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SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s).

No use other than specified in Section 1.2 of this safety data sheet.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

8.1. Control parameters.

Regulatory References:

AUS	Österreich	Grenzwerteverordnung 2011 - GKV 2011
BEL	Belgique	AR du 11/3/2002. La liste est mise à jour pour 2010
BGR	България	МИНИСТЕРСТВО НА ТРУДА И СОЦИАЛНАТА ПОЛИТИКА
		МИНИСТЕРСТВО НА ЗДРАВЕОПАЗВАНЕТО НАРЕДБА No 13 от 30 декември 2003 г
CHE	Suisse / Schweiz	Valeurs limites d`exposition aux postes de travail 2012. / Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz
CZE	Česká Republika	Nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb. kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci
DEU	Deutschland	MAK-und BAT-Werte-Liste 2012
DNK	Danmark	Graensevaerdier per stoffer og materialer
ESP	España	INSHT - Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2015
EST	Eesti	Töökeskkonna keemiliste ohutegurite piirnormid 1. Vastu võetud 18.09.2001 nr 293 RT I 2001, 77, 460 - Redaktsiooni jõustumise kp: 01.01.2008
FIN	Suomi	HTP-arvot 2012. Haitallisiksi tunnetut pitoisuudet - Sosiaali- ja terveysministeriön julkaisuja 2012:5
FRA	France	JORF n°0109 du 10 mai 2012 page 8773 texte n° 102
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
GRC	Ελλάδα	ΕΦΗΜΕΡΙΣ ΤΗΣ ΚΥΒΕΡΝΗΣΕΩΣ -ΤΕΥΧΟΣ ΠΡΩΤΟ Αρ. Φύλλου 19 - 9 Φεβρουαρίου 2012

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HEXANE									
Threshold Lin Type	mit Value.	Country	TWA/8h mg/m3	ppm	STEL/15min mg/m3	ppm			
TLV-ACGIH			1762	500	3525	1000			
Health - Deriv		Effects on consumers. Acute local	MEL Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic		Acute	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral.				VND	6 mg/kg bw/d		Systemic		Systemic
Inhalation.				VND	20 mg/m3			VND	93 mg/m3
Skin.				VND	7 mg/kg bw/d			VND	13 mg/kg bw/d
ETHYL ACET									
Threshold Lin Type	mit value.	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min	200			
MAK		AU 8	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
MAK		AUS	1050	300	2100	600			

- 1						
			mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm
	MAK	AUS	1050	300	2100	600
	VLEP	BEL	1461	400		
	TLV	BGR	800			
	VEL	CHE	1400	400	2800	800
	MAK	CHE	1400	400	2800	800
	TLV	CZE	700		900	
	AGW	DEU	1500	400	3000	800
	MAK	DEU	1500	400	3000	800
	TLV	DNK	540	150		
	VLA	ESP	1460	400		
	TLV	EST	500	150	1100	300
	HTP	FIN	1100	300	1800	500
	VLEP	FRA	1400	400		
	WEL	GBR		200		400
	TLV	GRC	1400	400		
	GVI	HRV		200		400
	AK	HUN	1400		1400	

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500 200 550 550 200 1500 500 1441 isoning)	200 150 150 400 150 400	1100 (C) 1100 600 3000 1100 0,24 0,024 1,15 0,115 1,65 650 200 0,148 NPI	400 300 (C) 300 Effects on workers	mg/l mg/kg mg/kg mg/l mg/l mg/kg mg/kg	g/d	
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isoning) - / DMEL 3.		0,024 1,15 0,115 1,65 650 200 0,148 NPI	workers	mg/l mg/kg mg/kg mg/l mg/l mg/kg	g/d	
_ / DMEL	Chronic local	0,024 1,15 0,115 1,65 650 200 0,148 NPI	workers	mg/l mg/kg mg/kg mg/l mg/l mg/kg	g/d	
).	Chronic local	Chronic	workers			
	Chronic local	Chronic	workers			
Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic				
		systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
	VND	4,5 mg/kg		Systemic		Systemic
3 734 mg/m3	367 mg/m3 VND	bw/d 367 mg/m3 37 mg/kg bw/d	1468 mg/m3	1468 mg/m3	734 mg/m3 VND	734 mg/m3 63 mg/kg bw/d
/ DMEL			F <i>''</i> .			
s.			Effects on workers			
Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic svstemic	Acute local	Acute svstemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
	VND	11 mg/kg		-)		-)
	VND	bw/a 32 mg/m3			VND	150 mg/m3
	VND	11 mg/kg bw/d			VND	25 mg/kg bw/d
	. / DMEL	Acute systemic Chronic local VND VND VND VND	VND 37 mg/kg bw/d ./ DMEL Acute systemic Chronic local Chronic systemic VND 11 mg/kg bw/d VND 32 mg/m3 VND 11 mg/kg	VND 37 mg/kg bw/d ./ DMEL Acute systemic VND Chronic local VND Chronic systemic VND 11 mg/kg bw/d VND 32 mg/m3 VND 11 mg/kg	VND 37 mg/kg bw/d ./ DMEL . Acute systemic Chronic local Chronic Acute local Acute systemic VND 11 mg/kg bw/d VND 32 mg/m3 VND 11 mg/kg	VND 37 mg/kg bw/d VND ./ DMEL Acute systemic Chronic local Chronic Acute local Acute Systemic Chronic local Chronic Acute local Systemic Systemic Systemic VND VND 11 mg/kg bw/d VND 32 mg/m3 VND

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

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Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability. The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a type AX filter, whose limit of use will be defined by the manufacturer (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

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9.2. Other information.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) :	100,00 % -	710,00	g/litre.
VOC (volatile carbon) :	Not available.		-

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

ETHYL ACETATE: decomposes slowly into acetic acid and ethanol under the effect of light, air and water.

10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

ETHYL ACETATE: risk of explosion on contact with: metals, alkalis, hydrides. oleum. can react violently with: fluoride, strong oxidising agents, chlorosulfuric acid, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with the air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid.

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

ETHYL ACETATE: avoid exposure to light, sources of heat and naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials.

ETHYL ACETATE: acids and bases, strong oxidising agents; aluminium and some plastics, nitrates and chlorosulphuric acid.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information.

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification. It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

This product must be handled carefully because of its possible teratogenic effects, which may reduce human fertility or because of its possible teratogenic effects, which may be toxic and damage the foetus development.

The introduction of even small quantities of this liquid into the respiratory system in case of ingestion or vomit may cause bronchopneumonia and

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pulmonary edema.

This product may cause functional disorders or morphological mutations after repeated or prolonged exposure and/or may accumulate inside the human body and is thus graded as dangerous.

Acute effects: stinging eyes. Symptoms may include: rubescence, edema, pain and lachrymation. Ingestion may cause health problems, including stomach pain and sting, nausea and sickness.

Acute effects: contact with skin may cause: irritation, erythema, edema, dryness and chapped skin. Ingestion may cause health disorders, including stomach pain and sting, nausea and sickness.

This product contains highly volatile substances, which may cause serious depression of the central nervous system (CNS) and have negative effects, such as drowsiness, dizziness, slow reflexes, narcosis.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

Data refers to the mix:

ACUTE TOXICITY: No data available SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION: Causes skin irritation (section 3.2 of the safety data sheet) SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/IRRITATION: Causes serious eye irritation (section 3.2 of the safety data sheet) RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION: No data available GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY: No data available CARCINOGENICITY: No data available REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child (section 3.2 of the safety data sheet). STOT-SINGLE EXPOSURE: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. (section 3.2 of the safety data sheet) STOT-REPEATED EXPOSURE: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (section 3.2 of the safety data sheet) ASPIRATION HAZARD: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. (section 3.2 of the safety data sheet) **Data relating to substances hazardous mixture:**

Data relating to substances nazardous mixi

ETHYL ACETATE

ACUTE TOXICITY: LD50 (Oral).4934 mg/kg Rabbit (Equivalent to OECD 401) LD50 (Dermal).20000 mg/kg Rabbit (Publication Am Ind Hyg Ass J, 23, 95) LC50 (Inhalation).22,5 mg/l/6h Rat (40 CFR Part 799 (58 FR 40262)) SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION: Skin slightly irritating (Rabbit, OECD 404) SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/IRRITATION: irritating to eyes (Annex VI, REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008). RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION: not sensitizing (Guinea pig, OECD Guideline 406) GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY: negative, (Hamster, Equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 474) CARCINOGENICITY: No data available. REPPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY: NOAEL = 26400 mg/kg (Mouse, Read-across from supporting substance, equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 416) STOT-SINGLE EXPOSURE: It can cause respiratory irritation (Annex VI, REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008). STOT-REPEATED EXPOSURE: Orale: NOAEL = 900 mg/kg bw/day (Rat, Equivalent or similar to EPA OTS 795.2600, GLP) Inalation: NOAEL = 350 ppm (Rat, EPA OTS 798.2450, GLP) ASPIRATION HAZARD: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. (Annex VI, REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008).

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

ACUTE TOXICITY:

LD50 (Oral).3492 mg/kg Rat (Study report ECHA)

LD50 (Dermal).3160 mg/kg Rabbit (Equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 402)

LC50 (Inhalation).6193 ppm/4h Rat (Equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 403, GLP)

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION: Causes skin irritation. (Ref. SDS supplier)

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/IRRITATION: Causes eye irritation. (Ref. SDS supplier)

STOT-SINGLE EXPOSURE: May cause respiratory irritation and ay cause drowsiness or dizziness. (Ref. SDS supplier)

ASPIRATION HAZARD: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. (Ref. SDS supplier).

HEXANE

ACUTE TOXICITY: LD50 (Oral).> 16750 mg/kg rat, equivalent or similar to (OECD Guideline 401) LD50 (Dermal).> 3350 mg/kg rabbit, equivalent or similar to (OECD Guideline 402) LC50 (Inhalation).73860 ppm/4h rat, equivalent or similar to (OECD Guideline 403)

SECTION 12. Ecological information.

This product is dangerous for the environment and is toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on acquatic environment.

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12.1. Toxicity.

ETHYL ACETATE	
LC50 - for Fish.	230 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas (US EPA method E03-05)
EC50 - for Crustacea.	165 mg/l/48h Dapnia (Rif. SDS fornitore)
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea.	100 mg/l Scenedesmus subspicatus (OECD Guideline 201, GLP)
HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS	
LC50 - for Fish.	9,2 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss (OECD Guideline 203, GLP)
EC50 - for Crustacea.	3,2 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 202, GLP)
	2,6 mg/l/72h Raphidocelis subcapitata (OECD Guideline 201, GLP)

12.2. Persistence and degradability.

The paraffinic hydrocarbons fraction may be considered biodegradable in water and in air. They distribute mostly in the air. The small non biodegradable amount which spreads into water tends to accumulate in fish. HEXANE: the paraffin hydroarbons present can be considered degradable in the water and air. They primarily distribute in the air. The little that distributes in water and does not biodegrade tends to accumulate in fish.

HEXANE

k

Rapidly biodegradable.

ETHYL ACETATE	
Solubility in water.	> 10000 mg/l
Rapidly biodegradable.	
(Publication JWPCF 46(1), p63-77)	

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

Rapidly biodegradable.

Biodegradazione 78% in 28 d (OECD Guideline 301 F)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

HEXANE BCF.	501187
ETHYL ACETATE	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water.	0,68
BCF.	30

12.4. Mobility in soil.

Information not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

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On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects.

Information not available.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.

13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information.

14.1. UN number.

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name.

ADR / RID:PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (Contens: HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS, ETHYL ACETATE, EXANE)IMDG:PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (Contens: HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS, ETHYL ACETATE, EXANE)IATA:PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (Contens: HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS, ETHYL ACETATE, EXANE)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es).

ADR / RID:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IMDG:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IATA:	Class: 3	Label: 3



14.4. Packing group.

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: II

14.5. Environmental hazards.

ADR / RID:	NO
IMDG:	NO
IATA:	NO

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14.6. Special p	recautions for user.			
ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 33	Limited Quantities: 5 L	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)	
	Special Provision: -			
IMDG:	EMS: F-E, S-E,	Limited Quantities: 5 L		
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 60 L	Packaging instructions: 364	
	Pass.: Special Instructions:	Maximum quantity: 5 L A3, A72, A192	Packaging instructions: 353	
14.7. Transport	t in bulk according to A	nnex II of MARPOL73/78 and t	he IBC Code.	
Information not	relevant.			
SECTION	15. Regulatory in	nformation.		
15.1. Safety, I	health and environmen	tal regulations/legislation spec	cific for the substance or mixture.	
Seveso catego	ory.	P5b FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS E2 ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARI	DS	
Restrictions rela	ating to the product or co	ntained substances pursuant to A	Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/20	<u>006.</u>
<u>Product.</u> Point		out in Annex I to Regulation (EC (a) hazard classes 2.1 to 2.4, 2. categories 1 and 2, 2.15 types A	C) No 1272/2008: 6 and 2.7, 2.8 types A and B, 2.9, 2.3 A to F; 7 adverse effects on sexual function	ollowing hazard classes or categories set 10, 2.12, 2.13 categories 1 and 2, 2.14 and fertility or on development, 3.8
Point		flammable solids category 1 o	r 2, substances and mixtures which whoric liquids category 1 or pyrophori	flammable liquids categories 1, 2 or 3, h, in contact with water, emit flammable c solids category 1, regardless of whether
	Candidate List (Art. 59 RE	flammable solids category 1 o gases, category 1, 2 or 3, pyrop they appear in Part 3 of Annex V	r 2, substances and mixtures which whoric liquids category 1 or pyrophori	h, in contact with water, emit flammable
Substances in C	Candidate List (Art. 59 RE	flammable solids category 1 o gases, category 1, 2 or 3, pyrop they appear in Part 3 of Annex V	r 2, substances and mixtures which whoric liquids category 1 or pyrophori	h, in contact with water, emit flammable
<u>Substances in C</u> None.	Candidate List (Art. 59 RE	flammable solids category 1 o gases, category 1, 2 or 3, pyrop they appear in Part 3 of Annex V EACH).	r 2, substances and mixtures which whoric liquids category 1 or pyrophori	h, in contact with water, emit flammable
<u>Substances in C</u> None.		flammable solids category 1 o gases, category 1, 2 or 3, pyrop they appear in Part 3 of Annex V EACH).	r 2, substances and mixtures which whoric liquids category 1 or pyrophori	h, in contact with water, emit flammable
<u>Substances in C</u> None. <u>Substances sub</u> None.	ject to authorisarion (An	flammable solids category 1 o gases, category 1, 2 or 3, pyrop they appear in Part 3 of Annex V EACH).	or 2, substances and mixtures which ohoric liquids category 1 or pyrophori VI to that Regulation or not.	h, in contact with water, emit flammable
<u>Substances in C</u> None. <u>Substances sub</u> None. <u>Substances sub</u>	ject to authorisarion (An	flammable solids category 1 o gases, category 1, 2 or 3, pyrop they appear in Part 3 of Annex V EACH).	or 2, substances and mixtures which ohoric liquids category 1 or pyrophori VI to that Regulation or not.	h, in contact with water, emit flammable
<u>Substances in C</u> None. <u>Substances sub</u> None. <u>Substances sub</u> None.	ject to authorisarion (An	flammable solids category 1 o gases, category 1, 2 or 3, pyrop they appear in Part 3 of Annex V EACH). hex XIV REACH).	or 2, substances and mixtures which ohoric liquids category 1 or pyrophori VI to that Regulation or not.	h, in contact with water, emit flammable
<u>Substances in C</u> None. <u>Substances sub</u> None. <u>Substances sub</u> None.	ject to authorisarion (Ani	flammable solids category 1 o gases, category 1, 2 or 3, pyrop they appear in Part 3 of Annex V EACH). hex XIV REACH).	or 2, substances and mixtures which ohoric liquids category 1 or pyrophori VI to that Regulation or not.	h, in contact with water, emit flammable

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Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None.

Healthcare controls.

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) :

Preparatory and cleaning - preparatory products.

VOC given in g/litre of product in a ready-to-use condition :	
Limit value:	850,00
VOC of product :	710,00

15.2. Chemical safety assessment.

A chemical safety assessment has been performed for the following contained substances.

ETHYL ACETATE

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

SECTION 16. Other information.

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, category 3
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity, category 2
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- **OEL: Occupational Exposure Level**
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

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- 2. Regulation (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
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- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
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- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website

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Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

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Training for workers:

Worker training should include content, updates and duration depending on the risk profiles assigned to the business sectors they belong.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Repr. 2, H361 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Classification procedure

Calculation method Calculation method