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C3113 - PRIMER PER PLASTICA (various colors)

Safety data sheet

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: C3110, C2112, C3113

Product name MAX - PRIMER PER PLASTICA (various colors)

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use primer or varnish for plastic. Professional use only.

Uses advised against: no one in particular

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name ILPA ADESIVI SRL
Full address Via Ferorelli, 4
District and Country 70132 BARI (BARI)

ITALIA

Tel. + 39 0805383837 Fax + 39 0805377807

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet aborricelli@ilpa.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to + 39 3355405598 (Technical support - 8,00 - 17,00 - LUN-VEN; MON-FRI)(Italian time

zone)

Safety Executive (HSE) Chemicals Regulation Directorate 5S.1 Redgrave Court, Merton

Road, Bootle, Merseyside. L20 7HS.

Phone: +44 151 9513317

SECTION 2. Hazards identification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flammable liquid, category 2 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2 H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Serious eye damage, category 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage. Skin irritation, category 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Skin sensitization, category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
H335
H337
May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

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2.2. Label elements.

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:









Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.
 H315 Causes skin irritation.
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor

Contains: XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL POLYURETHANE RESIN

ETHYL ACETATE

2.3. Other hazards.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.

3.1. Substances.

Information not relevant.

3.2. Mixtures.

Contains:

Identification. Conc. %. Classification 1272/2008 (CLP).

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

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42,5 - 45

Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332,

Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3

H335, Note C

EC. 215-535-7

CAS. 1330-20-7

INDEX. 601-022-00-9

Reg. no. 01-2119488216-32

ETHYL ACETATE

CAS. 141-78-6

25,5 - 27

Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2

H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC. 205-500-4

INDEX. 607-022-00-5

Reg. no. 01-2119475103-46

POLYURETHANE RESIN CAS. 109159-24-2

13,5 - 15

Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Sens.

1 H317

EC. -INDEX. -

ETHANOL

CAS. 64-17-5

7 - 8

Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2

H319

EC. 200-578-6

INDEX. 603-002-00-5

Reg. no. 01-2119457610-43

ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL

CAS. 78-83-1 3 - 3.5 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315,

STOT SE 3 H335, STOT SE

3 H336

EC. 201-148-0

INDEX. 603-108-00-1

Reg. no. 01-2119484609-23

PROPAN-2-OL

CAS. 67-63-0 1 - 1,5 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2

H319, STOT SE 3 H336

EC. 200-661-7 INDEX. 603-117-00-0

Reg. no. 01-2119457558-25

Note: Upper limit is not included into the range.

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures.

4.1. Description of first aid measures.

PROTECTIVE MEASURES FOR THE FIRST RESCUE WORKERS: for PPE (personal protection equipment) required for first aid refer to section 8.2 of this safety data sheet.

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EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again. INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.

5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

${\bf 5.2.}$ Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

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6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Check incompatibility for container material in section 7. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s).

No use other than specified in Section 1.2 of this safety data sheet.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

8.1. Control parameters.

Regulatory References:

AUS Österreich Grenzwerteverordnung 2011 - GKV 2011

BEL Belgique AR du 11/3/2002. La liste est mise à jour pour 2010

BGR България МИНИСТЕРСТВО НА ТРУДА И СОЦИАЛНАТА ПОЛИТИКА

МИНИСТЕРСТВО НА ЗДРАВЕОПАЗВАНЕТО НАРЕДБА No 13 от 30

декември 2003 г

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CHE Suisse / Schweiz Valeurs limites d'exposition aux postes de travail 2012. / Grenzwerte am

Arbeitsplatz

CYP Κύπρος Κ.Δ.Π. 268/2001; Κ.Δ.Π. 55/2004; Κ.Δ.Π. 295/2007; Κ.Δ.Π. 70/2012 Česká Republika Nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb. kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany CZE

zdraví při práci

DEU MAK-und BAT-Werte-Liste 2012 Deutschland

Graensevaerdier per stoffer og materialer DNK Danmark

ESP INSHT - Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España

España 2015

EST Töökeskkonna keemiliste ohutegurite piirnormid 1. Vastu võetud Eesti

18.09.2001 nr 293 RT I 2001, 77, 460 - Redaktsiooni jõustumise kp:

01.01.2008

FIN Suomi HTP-arvot 2012. Haitallisiksi tunnetut pitoisuudet - Sosiaali- ja

terveysministeriön julkaisuja 2012:5

FRA JORF n°0109 du 10 mai 2012 page 8773 texte n° 102 France

United Kingdom EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits **GBR**

ΕΦΗΜΕΡΙΣ ΤΗΣ ΚΥΒΕΡΝΗΣΕΩΣ -ΤΕΥΧΟΣ ΠΡΩΤΟ Αρ. Φύλλου 19 - 9 **GRC** Ελλάδα

Φεβρουαρίου 2012

HRV Hrvatska NN13/09 - Ministarstvo gospodarstva, rada i poduzetništva

HUN Magyarország 50/2011. (XII. 22.) NGM rendelet a munkahelyek kémiai biztonságáról

Éire Code of Practice Chemical Agent Regulations 2011 IRL

Italia Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81 ITA LTU Lietuva

DEL LIETUVOS HIGIENOS NORMOS HN 23:2007 CHEMINIŲ

MEDŽIAGŲ 2007 m. spalio 15 d. Nr. V-827/A1-287

LVA Ķīmisko vielu aroda ekspozīcijas robežvērtības (AER) darba vides gaisā Latvija

2012

NLD Nederland Databank of the social and Economic Concil of Netherlands (SER) Values.

AF 2011:18

NOR Veiledning om Administrative normer for forurensning i arbeidsatmosfære Norge POL Polska

ROZPORZADZENIE MINISTRA PRACY I POLITYKI SPOŁECZNEJ z dnia

16 grudnia 2011r

NARIADENIE VLÁDY Slovenskej republiky z 20. júna 2007 SVK Slovensko

SVN Slovenija Uradni list Republike Slovenije 15. 6. 2007

Sverige Occupational Exposure Limit Values, AF 2011:18 **SWE**

2000/39/EC sayılı Direktifin ekidir Türkiye **TUR**

Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; **OEL EU** EU

Directive 2000/39/EC.

ACGIH 2014 TLV-ACGIH

XYLENE (MIXTURE C	OF ISOMERS)
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Threshold Limit Value. Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
MAK	AUS	221	50	442	100	SKIN.
VLEP	BEL	221	50	442	100	SKIN.
TLV	BGR	221		442		SKIN.
TLV	CYP	221	50	442	100	SKIN.
TLV	CZE	200		400		SKIN.
AGW	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN.
MAK	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN.
VLA	ESP	221	50	442	100	SKIN.
TLV	EST	221	50	442	100	SKIN.

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						Pa	age n. 7/21	
НТР	FIN	220	50	440	100	SKIN.		
VLEP	FRA	221	50	442	100	SKIN.		
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100			
TLV	GRC	435	100	650	150			
GVI	HRV	221	50	442	100	SKIN.		
AK	HUN	221		442		SKIN.		
OEL	IRL	221	50	442	100	SKIN.		
TLV	ITA	221	50	442	100	SKIN.		
OEL	NLD	210		442		SKIN.		
TLV	NOR	108	25			SKIN.		
NDS	POL	100						
NPHV	SVK	221	50	442		SKIN.		
MV	SVN	221	50			SKIN.		
MAK	SWE	221	50	442	100	SKIN.		
ESD	TUR	221	50	442	100	SKIN.		
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN.		
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150			
Predicted no-effect concentration	on - PNEC.							
Normal value in marine water Normal value for fresh water se Normal value for marine water so Normal value for water, intermit Normal value of STP microorga Normal value for the terrestrial Health - Derived no-effect	sediment itent release inisms compartment i level - DNEL / C	DMEL		0,327 12,46 12,46 0,327 6,58 2,31		mç mç mç	g/kg/d g/kg/d g/l	
	Effects on consumers.				Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral.			VND	1,6 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation. Skin.	174 mg/m3	174 mg/m3	VND VND	14,8 mg/m3 108 mg/kg bw/d	289 mg/m3	289 mg/m3	3 VND VND	77 mg/m3 180 mg/kg bw/d
ETHYL ACETATE								
Threshold Limit Value. Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min				
туре	Country	mg/m3	nnm	mg/m3	nnm			
MAK	AUS	1050	ppm 300	2100	ppm 600			
VLEP	BEL	1461	400	2100	000			
TLV	BGR	800	400					
VEL	CHE	1400	400	2800	800			
MAK	CHE	1400	400	2800	800			
TLV	CZE	700	400	900	800			
AGW	DEU	1500	400	3000	800			
MAK	DEU	1500	400	3000	800			
TLV	DNK	540	150	5550	500			
VLA	ESP	1460	400					
TLV	EST	500	150	1100	300			
HTP	FIN	1100	300	1800	500			
VLEP	FRA	1400	400	.000	500			
	1101	1 100	100					

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C311		n. 8/21							
WEL	GBR		200		400				
TLV	GRC	1400	400						
GVI	HRV		200		400				
AK	HUN	1400		1400					
OEL	IRL		200		400				
RD	LTU	500	150	1100 (C)	300 (C)				
RV	LVA	200							
OEL	NLD	550		1100					
TLV	NOR	550	150						
NDS	POL	200		600					
NPHV	SVK	1500	400	3000					
MAK	SWE	500	150	1100	300				
TLV-ACGIH		1441	400						
Predicted no-effect concentrate	tion - PNEC.								
Normal value in fresh water Normal value in marine water Normal value for fresh water s Normal value for marine water Normal value for water, interm Normal value of STP microorg Normal value for the food chal Normal value for the atmosph value for the atmosph	sediment r sediment nittent release ganisms in (secondary poisor I compartment	ning)		0,24 0,024 1,15 0,115 1,65 650 200 0,148 NPI		mg/l mg/l mg/kg mg/kg mg/l mg/kg mg/kg	ŋ/d 1		
Health - Derived no-effec		OMEL			Effects on				
Route of exposure	consumers. Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	workers Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	
Oral.			VND	4,5 mg/kg bw/d					
Inhalation. Skin.	734 mg/m3	734 mg/m3	367 mg/m3 VND	367 mg/m3 37 mg/kg bw/d	1468 mg/m3	1468 mg/m3	734 mg/m3 VND	734 mg/m3 63 mg/kg bw/d	
ETHANOL									
Threshold Limit Value.	0	T)A/A/Ob		OTEL /45					
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min					
MAK	AUS	mg/m3 1900	ppm 1000	mg/m3 3800	ppm 2000				
VLEP	BEL	1900	1000	3000	2000				
TLV	BGR	1000	1000						
TLV	CZE	1000		3000					
AGW	DEU	960	500	1920	1000				
MAK	DEU	960	500	1920	1000				
TLV				1920	1000				
	DNK ESP	1900	1000	1910	1000				
VLA TLV	EST	1000	500	1910	1000				
HTP	FIN	1900	1000	2500	1300				
VLEP	FIN	1900	1000	9500	5000				
WEL	GBR	1900	1000	3000	5000				
TLV	GRC	1920	1000						
GVI	HRV	1900	1000						
AK	HUN	1900	.000	7600					

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OEL	IRL				1000			
RD	LTU	1000	500	1900	1000			
RV	LVA	1000						
OEL	NLD	260		1900		SKIN.		
TLV	NOR	950	500					
NDS	POL	1900						
NPHV	SVK	960	500	1920				
MAK	SWE	1000	500	1900	1000			
TLV-ACGIH				1884	1000			
Predicted no-effect concentration	n - PNEC.							
Normal value in fresh water Normal value in marine water Normal value for fresh water sec Normal value for marine water sec Normal value for water, intermitt Normal value of STP microorgar Normal value for the terrestrial c Health - Derived no-effect	ediment ent release nisms ompartment level - DNEL / D	DMEL		0,96 0,79 3,6 2,9 2,75 580 0,63		mg/ mg/ mg/	l kg/d kg/d l	
	Effects on consumers.				Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral.	VND	VND	VND	87 mg/kg		oyotonno		oyotonno
nhalation.	950 mg/m3	VND	VND	bw/d 114 mg/m3	1900 mg/m3	VND	VND	950 mg/m3
Skin.	VND	VND	VND	206 mg/kg bw/d	VND	VND	VND	343 mg/kg bw/d
SOBUTYL ALCOHOL Threshold Limit Value. Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min				
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
MAK	AUS	150	50	600	200			
/LEP	BEL	154	50					
ΓLV	CZE	300		600		SKIN.		
AGW	DEU	310	100	310	100			
MAK	DEU	310	100	310	100			
VLA	ESP	154	50					
ΓLV	EST	150	50					
/LEP	FRA	150	50					
VEL	GBR	154	50	231	75			
ΓLV	GRC	300	100	300	100			
GVI	HRV	154	50	231	75			
DEL	IRL	150	50	225	75			
RD	LTU	10		-	-	SKIN.		
۲V	LVA	10				J 1.		
OEL	NLD	150						
NDS	POL	100		200				
NPHV	SVK	310	100	200				
TLV-ACGIH	SVN		50					
	n DNEC	152						
Predicted no-effect concentration	II - PINEU.			0.4			1	
Normal value in fresh water	liment			0,4 0,04 1,52		mg/ mg/		

Revision nr. 1 ILPA ADESIVI SRL Dated 09/09/2016 Printed on 12/09/2016 C3113 - PRIMER PER PLASTICA (various colors) Page n. 10/21 Normal value for water, intermittent release mg/l Normal value of STP microorganisms Normal value for the terrestrial compartment 10 0,07 mg/l mg/kg/d Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL Effects on Effects on consumers. Acute local workers Acute local Route of exposure Acute systemic Chronic local Chronic Acute Chronic local Chronic systemic systemic systemic Oral. VND NPI VND Inhalation. 55 mg/m3 VND 310 mg/m3 VND VND Skin. VND NPI NPI VND NPI VND NPI PROPAN-2-OL Threshold Limit Value. Country TWA/8h STEL/15min Туре mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 ppm MAK AUS 500 200 2000 800 VLEP BEL 500 200 1000 400 TLV BGR 980 1225 TLV CZE 500 1000 SKIN. AGW DEU 500 200 1000 400 DEU MAK 500 200 1000 400 TLV DNK 490 200 ESP 1000 400 VLA 500 200 600 TI V **FST** 350 150 250 VLEP FRA 980 400 WEL GBR 999 400 1250 500 TLV GRC 980 400 1225 500 GVI HRV 999 400 1250 500 AK HUN 500 2000 OEL IRL 200 400 SKIN. RD LTU 350 150 600 250 RV LVA 350 600 OEL NLD 650 TLV NOR 245 100 NDS POL 900 1200 NPHV 1000 SVK 500 200 MV SVN 500 200 MAK SWE 350 150 600 250 400 TLV-ACGIH 492 200 983 Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Troubtourno onoct concontitution Trace.		
Normal value in fresh water	140,9	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	140,9	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	552	mg/kg/d
Normal value for marine water sediment	552	mg/kg/d
Normal value for water, intermittent release	140,9	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	2251	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	28	mg/kg/d
Health - Derived no-offeet level - DNEL / DMEL		

nealth - Derived no-effect is	vei - DINEL / DI	/ICL						
	Effects on consumers.				Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral.			VND	26 mg/kg bw/d				

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VND

89 mg/m3

VND

500 mg/m3

Skin.

Inhalation

VND

319 mg/kg hw/d

VND

888 mg/kg hw/d

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

XYLENI: Biological Exposure Indices (IBE): Hippuric Acid in urine: 1.5 g/g creatinina. Sampling time: End of shift. (ACGIH 2014).

8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear a hood visor or protective visor combined with airtight goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a type AX filter, whose limit of use will be defined by the manufacturer (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

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Appearance liquid
Colour various
Odour aromatic

Odour threshold. 0,47 ppm (p-XYLENE).

0,5 – 1,0 ppm (XYLENE: MIXTURE OF ISOMERS).

pH. Not applicable.

Melting point / freezing point. 13,2°C (p-XYLENE)

-49,9°C (m-XYLENÉ) -25,2 °C (o-XYLENE)

Initial boiling point. > 35 °C.

Boiling range. 135 – 145 °C (PUBCHEM CID: 6850715) (XYLENE: MIXTURE OF ISOMERS).

Flash point. < 23 °C.

Evaporation rate 0,75 (butyl acetate = 1) (XYLENE: MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Flammability (solid, gas) not applicable
Lower inflammability limit. 1,1 Vol% (p-XYLENE)

1,1 Vol% (m-XYLENÉ) 0,9 Vol% (o-XYLENE) 7 Vol% (p-XYLENE) 7 Vol% (m-XYLENE)

Upper inflammability limit. 7 Vol% (p-XYLENE) 7 Vol% (m-XYLENE) 6,7 Vol% (o-XYLENE)

Lower explosive limit. 1,1 (in air Vol%) (ICSC 0086) (p-XYLENE) 1,1 (in air Vol%) (ICSC 0085) (m-XYLENE) 0.0 (in air Vol%) (ICSC 0084) (a XYLENE)

0,9 (in air Vol%) (ICSC 0084) (o-XYLENE)
Upper explosive limit. 7 (in air Vol%) (ICSC 0086) (p-XYLENE)
7 (in air Vol%) (ICSC 0085) (m-XYLENE)

6,7 (in air Vol%) (ICSC 0085) (m-XYLENE) 0,186 PSI (T=26,6°C) (p-XYLENE)

Vapour pressure. 0,186 PSI (T=26,6°C) (p-XYLENE) 0,207 PSI (T=29,4°C) (m-XYLENE)

0,194 PSI (T=32,2°C) (0-XYLENE)

Vapour density 3,7 (air=1) (T=20°C) (ICSC 0086) (p-XYLENE) 3,7 (air=1) (T=20°C) (ICSC 0085) (m-XYLENE) 3,7 (air=1) (T=20°C) (ICSC 0084) (o-XYLENE)

Relative density. 1,000 Kg/l Solubility insoluble in water

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3,15 log Pow (T=20°C) (p-XYLENE)

3,2 log Pow (T=20°C) (m-XYLENE) 3,12 log Pow (T=20°C) (o-XYLENE)

Auto-ignition temperature. 528°C (1 Bar) (p-XYLENE) 527°C (1 Bar) (m-XYLENE)

463°C (1 Bar) (o-XYLENE)

Decomposition temperature.

Viscosity

Family

Not available.

73 cP at 20°C

Explosive properties

Oxidising properties

not applicable

not applicable

9.2. Other information.

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EC): 40,38 % - 525,00 g/litre. VOC (volatile carbon): 61,95 % - 619,54 g/litre.

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

ETHYL ACETATE: decomposes slowly into acetic acid and ethanol under the effect of light, air and water.

10.2. Chemical stability.

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The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS): stable, but may develop violent reactions in the presence of strong oxidising agents such as sulphuric and nitric acids and perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with the air.

ETHANOL: risk of explosion on contact with: alkaline metals, alkaline oxides, calcium hypochlorite, sulphur monofluoride, acetic anhydride (with acids), concentrated hydrogen peroxide, perchlorates, perchloric acid, perchloronitrile, mercury nitrate, nitric acid, silver and nitric acid, silver nitrate, and ammonia, silver oxide and ammonia, strong oxidising agents, nitrogen dioxide. Can react dangerously with: bromoacetylene, chlorine acetylene, bromine trifluoride, chromium trioxide, chromyl chloride, oxiranes, fluorine, potassium tert-butoxide, lithium hydride, phosphorus trioxide, black platinum, zirconium (IV) chloride, zirconium (IV) iodide. Forms an explosive mixture with the air.

ETHYL ACETATE: risk of explosion on contact with: metals, alkalis, hydrides. oleum. can react violently with: fluoride, strong oxidising agents, chlorosulfuric acid, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with the air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

ETHANOL: avoid exposure to sources of heat and naked flames.

ETHYL ACETATE: avoid exposure to light, sources of heat and naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials.

ETHYL ACETATE: acids and bases, strong oxidising agents; aluminium and some plastics, nitrates and chlorosulphuric acid.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information.

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification. It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

This product may cause functional disorders or morphological mutations after repeated or prolonged exposure and/or may accumulate inside the human body and is thus graded as dangerous.

This product may cause serious ocular lesions, cornea opacity, iris lesions, irreversible eye coloration.

Acute effects: contact with skin may cause: irritation, erythema, edema, dryness and chapped skin. Ingestion may cause health disorders, including stomach pain and sting, nausea and sickness.

Acute effects: inhalation of this product may irritate the lower and upper respiratory tract and cause cough and respiratory disorders; at higher concentrations it can also cause pulmonary edema. Ingestion may cause health problems, including stomach pain and sting, nausea and sickness.

Upon contact with skin, this product causes sensitization (dermatitis). Dermatitis derives from skin irritation on the areas which repeatedly come into contact with the sensitizing agent. Cutaneous lesions may include: erythemas, edemas, papules, vesicles, pustules, scurvies, ulcerations and exudative phenomena, whose intensity varies according to illness seriousness and affected areas. Erythemas, edemas and exudative phenomena prevail during the acute phase. Scurfy skin, dryness, ulcerations and skin thickening prevail during the chronic phase.

This product contains highly volatile substances, which may cause serious depression of the central nervous system (CNS) and have negative effects, such as drowsiness, dizziness, slow reflexes, narcosis.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

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Data refers to the mix:

ACUTE TOXICITY: No data available

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION: Causes skin irritation (section 3.2 of the safety data sheet)

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/IRRITATION: Causes serious eye damage. (section 3.2 of the safety data sheet)

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION: May cause an allergic skin reaction. (section 3.2 of the safety data sheet)

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY: No data available

CARCINOGENICITY: No data available

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY: No data available

STOT-SINGLE EXPOSURE: May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. (section 3.2 of the safety data sheet)

STOT-REPEATED EXPOSURE: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (section 3.2 of the safety data sheet)

ASPIRATION HAZARD: not relevant to viscosity values (section 9 of the safety data sheet)

Data relating to substances hazardous mixture:

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS): has a toxic effect on the CNS (encephalopathies). Irritating to the skin, conjunctivae, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

ACUTE TOXICITY:

LD50 (Oral).3523 mg/kg Rat (equivalent or similar to EU Method B.1)

LD50 (Dermal).4200 mg/kg Rabbit (Industrial Medicine 39, 215-200, 1970)

LC50 (Inhalation).26 mg/l/4h Rat(equivalent or similar to EU Method B.2)

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION: Causes skin irritation. (test in vivo, Rabbit, Industrial Medicine 39, 215-200.)

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/IRRITATION: Causes eyes irritation (Draize Test, Rabbit, exposure time 24h)

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION: not sensitizing. (mouse, OECD Guideline 429)

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY: negative, (Mouse, test in vivo, Equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 478)

CARCINOGENICITY: negative, (mouse, Equivalent or similar to EU Method B.32)

REPRODUCTIVE TOXIČITY: NOEC = 100 ppm (parental systemic toxicity), NOAEC >500 ppm (reproductive and developmental toxicity) (Rat, Equivalent or similar to EPA OPPTS 870.3800)

STOT-SINGLE EXPOSURE: May cause respiratory irritation. (Environmental Toxicology and Pharmacology, Vol 14, pp 129-137)

STOT-REPEATED EXPOSURE: Causes damage to organs: central nervous system, liver and kidneys, through prolonged or repeated exposure, (Rat, Metodo OECD Guideline 408).

ASPIRATION HAZARD: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. (Annex VI, REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008).

ETHYL ACETATE

ACUTE TOXICITY:

LD50 (Oral).4934 mg/kg Rabbit (Equivalent to OECD 401)

LD50 (Dermal).20000 mg/kg Rabbit (Publication Am Ind Hyg Ass J, 23, 95)

LC50 (Inhalation).22,5 mg/l/6h Rat (40 CFR Part 799 (58 FR 40262))

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION: Skin slightly irritating (Rabbit, OECD 404)

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/IRRITATION: irritating to eyes (Annex VI, REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008).

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION: not sensitizing (Guinea pig, OECD Guideline 406)

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY: negative, (Hamster, Equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 474)

CARCINOGENICITY: No data available.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY: NOAEL = 26400 mg/kg (Mouse, Read-across from supporting substance, equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 416) STOT-SINGLE EXPOSURE: It can cause respiratory irritation (Annex VI, REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008).

STOT-REPEATED EXPOSURE:

Orale: NOAEL = 900 mg/kg bw/day (Rat, Equivalent or similar to EPA OTS 795.2600, GLP)

Inalation: NOAEL = 350 ppm (Rat, EPA OTS 798.2450, GLP)

ASPIRATION HAZARD: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. (Annex VI, REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008).

ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL

ACUTE TOXICITY:

LD50 (Oral).2460 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal).2460 mg/kg Rabbit

LC50 (Inhalation).19,2 mg/l/4h Rat

ETHANOL

ACUTE TOXICITY:

LD50 (Oral).> 5000 mg/kg Rat

LC50 (Inhalation).120 mg/l/4h Pimephales promelas

PROPAN-2-OL

ACUTE TOXICITY:

LD50 (Oral).4710 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal).12800 mg/kg Rat

LC50 (Inhalation).72,6 mg/l/4h Rat

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POLYURETHANE RESIN

ACUTE TOXICITY:

LC50 (Inhalation).> 2,676 mg/l/4h Rat, equivalent o similar to (GUIDE LINE 403 Test OECD, Bayer Material Science)

SECTION 12. Ecological information.

12.1. Toxicity.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

LC50 - for Fish. 2,6 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss (OECD TG 203)

Chronic NOEC for Fish. 1,3 mg/l 56d Oncorhynchus mykiss (Appl. Sci. Branch, Eng. Res. Cent. Denver, CO: 15p.)
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea. 1,17 mg/l 7d Ceriodaphnia dubia (Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety 39, 136-146)

ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL

LC50 - for Fish.

1430 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas, Method according to Brooke LT et al. (1984)
EC50 - for Crustacea.

1100 mg/l/48h Daphnia pulex, ASTM Methods (1984), (Standard D4229-84)
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants.

593 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata, according to (OECD Guideline 201)

ETHANOL

LC50 - for Fish. 14200 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas, according to (US EPA method E03-05)

EC50 - for Crustacea. 5012 mg/l/48h Ceriodaphnia dubia, according to (ASTM E729-80)

PROPAN-2-OL

LC50 - for Fish. 9640 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas, according to (Toxicity Tests with Aquatic Organisms

(1975))

ETHYL ACETATE

LC50 - for Fish. 230 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas (US EPA method E03-05)

EC50 - for Crustacea. 165 mg/l/48h Dapnia (Rif. SDS fornitore)

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea. 100 mg/l Scenedesmus subspicatus (OECD Guideline 201, GLP)

12.2. Persistence and degradability.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Solubility in water. mg/l 100 - 1000 Handbook of aqueous solubility data.

Rapidly biodegradable.

OECD Guideline 301 F, GLP

ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL

Solubility in water. mg/l 1000 - 10000

Rapidly biodegradable.

ETHANOL

Solubility in water. mg/l 1000 - 10000

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Rapidly biodegradable.

PROPAN-2-OL

Rapidly biodegradable.

EU Method C.5

ETHYL ACETATE

Solubility in water. > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly biodegradable.

(Publication JWPCF 46(1), p63-77)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water. 3,12 American Chemical Society, Washington DC

BCF. 25,9 Appl. Sci. Branch, Eng. Res. Cent. Denver, CO: 15p.

ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water. 1

ETHANOL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water. -0,35

PROPAN-2-OL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water. 0,05

ETHYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water. 0,68 BCF. 30

12.4. Mobility in soil.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Partition coefficient: soil/water. 2,73 equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 121

ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL

Partition coefficient: soil/water. 0,31

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects.

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Information not available.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.

13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information.

14.1. UN number.

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name.

ADR / RID: PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (conteins: Propan-2-ol, ethyl acetate,Ethanol)

IMDG: PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (conteins: Propan-2-ol, ethyl acetate,Ethanol)

IATA: PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (conteins: Propan-2-ol, ethyl acetate,Ethanol)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es).

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



14.4. Packing group.

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: II

14.5. Environmental hazards.

ADR / RID: NO
IMDG: NO
IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user.

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 33 Limited Quantities: 5 L Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

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Special Provision: -

IMDG: EMS: F-E, S-E,

Limited Quantities: 5 L

IATA: Cargo:

Maximum quantity: 60 L

Packaging instructions: 364

Pass.:

Maximum quantity: 5 L

Packaging instructions: 353

Special Instructions: A3, A72, A192

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code.

Information not relevant.

SECTION 15. Regulatory information.

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

Seveso category. P5b FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006.

Product.

Point

- 3. Liquid substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set
- out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:
- (a) hazard classes 2.1 to 2.4, 2.6 and 2.7, 2.8 types A and B, 2.9, 2.10, 2.12, 2.13 categories 1 and 2, 2.14
- categories 1 and 2, 2.15 types A to F;
- (b) hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8
- effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10;
- (c) hazard class 4.1;
- (d) hazard class 5.1.

Point 40. Substances classified as flammable gases category 1 or 2, flammable liquids categories 1, 2 or 3,

flammable solids category 1 or 2, substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, category 1, 2 or 3, pyrophoric liquids category 1 or pyrophoric solids category 1, regardless of whether

they appear in Part 3 of Annex VI to that Regulation or not.

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH).

None.

Substances subject to authorisarion (Annex XIV REACH).

None.

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None.

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None.

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None.

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Healthcare controls.

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

Product not intended for uses provided for by Dir. 2004/42/CE.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment.

A chemical safety assessment has been performed for the following contained substances.

ETHYL ACETATE

SECTION 16. Other information.

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3
Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4
Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1

STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2

Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage, category 1

Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Skin Sens. 1Skin sensitization, category 1H225Highly flammable liquid and vapour.H226Flammable liquid and vapour.H312Harmful in contact with skin.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals

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- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EU) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website

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Nome prodotto ISS: MAX - PRIMER PER PLASTICA (colori vari)

Codice prodotto ISS: C3113

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control: therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Training for workers:

Worker training should include content, updates and duration depending on the risk profiles assigned to the business sectors they belong.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 STOT RE 2, H373 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H335 Skin Sens. 1, H317 **STOT SE 3, H336**

Classification procedure

Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

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