

Revision nr. 2

Dated 10/06/2021 Printed on 10/06/2021

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Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 13/05/2016)

C5101 - MAX TRASPARENTE ACRILICO

Safety Data Sheet According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

C5101, C5100 Code:

MAX TRASPARENTE ACRILICO Product name

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Intended use acrylic Clearcoat. Professional use only.

Uses advised against: no one in particular

Uses related to substances:

Identified Uses	Industrial	Professional	Consumer
Butyl acetate	-	ERC: 7, 8a.	-
		PROC: 1, 10, 11, 13, 15, 19,	
		2, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b.	
XYLENE	-	ERC: 8a, 8d.	-
		PROC: 1, 10, 11, 13, 15, 19,	
		2, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b.	

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name **ILPA ADESIVI SRL** Full address Via Ferorelli. 4 District and Country 70132 BARI (BARI) **ITALIA** Tel. + 39 0805383837 Fax + 39 0805377807

e-mail address of the competent person

laboratorio@ilpa.it responsible for the Safety Data Sheet

1.4. Emergency telephone number

+ 39 0808974667 (Technical support - 8,00 - 17,00 - LUN-VEN; MON-FRI)(Italian time For urgent inquiries refer to

zone)

Safety Executive (HSE) Chemicals Regulation Directorate 5S.1 Redgrave Court, Merton

Road, Bootle, Merseyside. L20 7HS.

Phone: +44 151 9513317

SECTION 2. Hazards identification



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2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flammable liquid, category 2 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2 H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Eye irritation, category 2
Skin irritation, category 2
Skin irritation, category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
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Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Specific ta

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

category 3

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:







Signal words:

Danger

Hazard statements:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH208 Contains: DIBUTYLTIN DILAURATE, bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate, CHIGUARD 5530

May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.
P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.

P370+P378 In case of fire: useuse carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder to extinguish.



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Contains: XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

N-BUTYL ACETATE

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

ETHYL ACETATE

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) :

Special finishes.

VOC given in g/litre of product in a ready-to-use condition: 590,00 Limit value: 840,00

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

CAS 1330-20-7 $27 \le x < 28,5$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304,

STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335,

Classification note/notes according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C EC 215-535-7

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INDEX 601-022-00-9

Reg. no. 01-2119488216-32

N-BUTYL ACETATE

CAS 123-86-4 12 \leq x < 13,5 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC 204-658-1

INDEX 607-025-00-1

Reg. no. 01-2119485493-29

HYDROCARBONS, C9,

AROMATICS

CAS - 8 ≤ x < 9 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H335, STOT SE 3 H336,

Aquatic Chronic 2 H411, EUH066 EC 918-668-5

INDEX -

Reg. no. 01-2119455851-35

ETHYL ACETATE

CAS 141-78-6 5 ≤ x < 6 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC 205-500-4

INDEX 607-022-00-5

Reg. no. 01-2119475103-46

CHIGUARD 5530



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CAS 104810-48-2

 $0.5 \le x < 0.6$

Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

EC 400-830-7

INDEX -

Reg. no. 01-211939****-43-0000 bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-

piperidyl) sebacate

CAS 41556-26-7 0,2 ≤ x < 0,25 Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1

EC 255-437-1

INDEX -

Reg. no. 01-2119491304-40 **DIBUTYLTIN DILAURATE**

CAS 77-58-7 0,1 \leq x < 0,15 Muta. 2 H341, Repr. 1B H360Df, STOT SE 1 H370, STOT RE 1 H372, Skin

Corr. 1C H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400

M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1

EC 201-039-8

INDEX -

Reg. no. 01-2119496068-27

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

CAS 111-76-2 0 ≤ x < 0,05 Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Eye Irrit. 2 H319,

Skin Irrit, 2 H315

EC 203-905-0

INDEX 603-014-00-0

Reg. no. 01-2119475108-36

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

PROTECTIVE MEASURES FOR THE FIRST RESCUE WORKERS: for PPE (personal protection equipment) required for first aid refer to section 8.2 of this safety data sheet.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available



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SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage



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7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No use other than specified in Section 1.2 of this safety data sheet.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

DEU	Deutschland	Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte. MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher
505	_ ~	Arbeitsstoffe, Mitteilung 56
ESP	España	Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2019
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
GRC	Ελλάδα	Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α` 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας 2004/37/ΕΚ ``σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιγόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία` »
HRV	Hrvatska	Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnimkemikalijama na radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021)
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
NLD	Nederland	Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling. Lijst van wettelijke grenswaarden op grond van de artikelen 4.3, eerste lid, en 4.16, eerste lid, van het Arbeidsomstandighedenbesluit
PRT	Portugal	Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021 de 6 de janeiro, valores-limite de exposição profissional indicativos para os agentes químicos. Decreto-Lei n.º 35/2020 de 13 de julho, proteção dos trabalhadores contra os riscos ligados à exposição durante o trabalho a agentes cancerígenos ou mutagénicos
ROU	România	Hotararea 157/2020 pentru modificarea Hotărârii Guvernului nr. 1.218/2006 privind stabilirea cerințelor minime de securitate și sănătate în muncă pentru asigurarea protecției lucrătorilor împotriva riscurilor legate de prezența agenților chimici, precum și pentru modificarea și completarea Hotărârii Guvernului nr. 1.093/2006 privind stabilirea cerințelor minime de securitate și sănătate pentru protecția lucrătorilor împotriva riscurilor legate de expunerea la agenți cancerigeni sau mutageni la locul de muncă
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398;
LO	OLL LU	Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2009/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2020
	I LV-ACGII I	AOGII I 2020

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Threshold Limit Value											
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks /					
						Observations					
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm						
		, and the second	• • •	3	FF						



Normal value of STP microorganisms

Normal value for the terrestrial compartment

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mg/l

mg/kg/d

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MAK	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN	
VLA	ESP	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
VLEP	FRA	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
TLV	GRC	435	100	650	150		
GVI/KGVI	HRV	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
VLEP	ITA	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
TGG	NLD	210		442		SKIN	
VLE	PRT	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
TLV	ROU	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100	SKIN	
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150		
Predicted no-effect conc	entration - PNEC						
Normal value in fresh wa	ater			0,327	m	g/l	
Normal value in marine	water			0,327	m	g/l	
Normal value for fresh w	ater sediment			12,46	m	g/kg/d	
Normal value for marine	water sediment			12,46	m	g/kg/d	
Normal value for water, i	intermittent release			0,327	m	g/l	

Health - Derived no-eff	fect level - DNEL / D Effects on	DMEL			Effects on			
	consumers				workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral			VND	1,6 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	174 mg/m3	174 mg/m3	VND	14,8 mg/m3	289 mg/m3	289 mg/m3	VND	77 mg/m3
Skin			VND	108 mg/kg bw/d			VND	180 mg/kg bw/d

6,58

2,31

Туре	Country	TWA/8h	TWA/8h			Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
AGW	DEU	300	62	600 (C)	124 (C)		
VLA	ESP	724	150	965	200		
VLEP	FRA	710	150	940	200		
TLV	GRC	710	150	950	200		
GVI/KGVI	HRV	241	50	723	150		
TGG	NLD	150					
VLE	PRT	241	50	723	150		
TLV	ROU	715	150	950	200		
WEL	GBR	724	150	966	200		
OEL	EU	241	50	723	150		
TLV-ACGIH			50		150		



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Prodicted no offeet senses to	tion DNEC							
Predicted no-effect concentral	tion - PNEC			0.40		. //		
Normal value in fresh water				0,18	mg	,		
Normal value in marine water				0,018	mg			
Normal value for fresh water s				0,981		ı/kg/d		
Normal value for marine water				0,0981		ı/kg/d		
Normal value for water, interm				0,36	mg	1/I		
Normal value of STP microorg	ganisms			35,6	mg	1/ I		
Normal value for the terrestria	l compartment			0,0903	mg	ı/kg/d		
Health - Derived no-effec	et level - DNEL / D Effects on consumers	MEL			Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Inhalation	859,7 mg/m3	859,7 mg/m3	102,34 mg/m3	102,34 mg/m3	960 mg/m3	960 mg/m3	480 mg/m3	480 mg/m3
HYDROCARBONS, C9, A	AROMATICS							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observation		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
OEL	EU	100	19					
Health - Derived no-effec	ct level - DNEL / D Effects on consumers	MEL			Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral			VND	11 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation			VND	32 mg/m3			VND	150 mg/m3
Skin			VND	11 mg/kg bw/d			VND	25 mg/kg bw/d
ETHYL ACETATE								
Threshold Limit Value Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks /	1	
		mg/m3	nnm	mg/m3	nnm	Observation	ons	
AGW	DEU	730	200	1460	400			
MAK								
	DEU	750	200	1500	400			
VLA	ESP	734	200	1468	400			
VLEP	FRA	734	200	1468	400			
TLV	GRC	734	200	1468	400			
GVI/KGVI	HRV	734	200	1468	400			
TGG	NLD	734		1468				
VLE	PRT	734	200	1468	400			
TLV	ROU	400	111	500	139			
WEL	GBR	734	200	1468	400			
0.51	EU	734	200	1468	400			
OEL	LU	734	200	1 100	.00			



Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

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Normal value in fresh water				0,24	mg	/I		
Normal value in marine water				0,024	mg	/I		
Normal value for fresh water sed	iment			1,15	mg	/kg/d		
Normal value for marine water se	ediment			0,115	mg	/kg/d		
Normal value for water, intermitte	ent release			1,65	mg	/I		
Normal value of STP microorgan	isms			650	mg	/I		
Normal value for the food chain (secondary poisoning)				200	mg	/kg		
Normal value for the terrestrial co	ompartment			0,148	mg	/kg/d		
Normal value for the atmosphere	;			NPI				
Health - Derived no-effect	level - DNEL / D Effects on consumers	DMEL			Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral			VND	4,5 mg/kg bw/d		Systernic		Systemic
Inhalation Skin	734 mg/m3	734 mg/m3	367 mg/m3 VND	367 mg/m3	1468 mg/m3	1468 mg/r	m3 734 mg/m3 VND	734 mg/m3 63 mg/kg
Skill			VIND	37 mg/kg bw/d			VND	bw/d
CHIGUARD 5530								
Predicted no-effect concentration	n - PNEC							
Normal value in fresh water				0,023	mg	/I		
Normal value in marine water				0,00046	mg	/I		
Normal value for fresh water sediment				0,726	mg	/kg/d		
Normal value for marine water se	ediment			0,726	mg	/kg/d		
Normal value for water, intermitte	ent release			0,023	mg	/I		
Normal value of STP microorgan	isms			100	mg	/I		
Normal value for the terrestrial co	ompartment			14,52	mg	/kg/d		
Normal value for the atmosphere	;			NPI				
Health - Derived no-effect		OMEL						
	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic local	Chronic
Oral			VND	0,025 mg/kg		systemic		systemic
Inhalation			VND	0,099 mg/m3	NPI	NPI	NPI	0,398 mg/m3
Skin			VND	0,025 mg/kg			VND	0,25 mg/kg
				bw/d				bw/d
DIBUTYLTIN DILAURATE								
Predicted no-effect concentration	n - PNEC							
Normal value in fresh water				0,05	mg	/I		
Normal value in marine water				0,005	mg	/I		
Normal value for fresh water sed	iment			0,05	mg	/kg		
Normal value for marine water se	ediment			0,005	mg	/kg		
Normal value of STP microorgan	isms			100	mg	/I		
Normal value for the terrestrial co	ompartment			0,04	mg	/kg		
Haalth Barbardana (C. 1)	DNEL (5							



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	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral	VND	0,01 mg/kg bw/d	VND	0,002 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	NPI	0,02 mg/m3	NPI	0,003 mg/m3	NPI	0,07 mg/m3	NPI	0,01 mg/m3
Skin	NPI	0.5 mg/kg bw/d	NPI	0,08 mg/kg bw/d	VND	1 mg/kg bw/d	VND	0,2 mg/kg bw/d
2-BUTOXYETHANOL Threshold Limit Value								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observatio	ns	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	0,000,100,00		
AGW	DEU	49	10	98 (C)	20 (C)	SKIN		
MAK	DEU	49	10	98	20	SKIN	Hinweis	
VLA	ESP	98	20	245	50	SKIN		
VLEP	FRA	49	10	246	50	SKIN		
TLV	GRC	120	25					
GVI/KGVI	HRV	98	20	246	50	SKIN		
VLEP	ITA	98	20	246	50	SKIN		
TGG	NLD	100		246		SKIN		
VLE	PRT	98	20	246	50	SKIN		
TLV	ROU	98	20	246	50	SKIN		
WEL	GBR	123	25	246	50	SKIN		
OEL	EU	98	20	246	50	SKIN		
TLV-ACGIH		97	20					
Predicted no-effect concentra	ation - PNEC							
Normal value in fresh water				8,8	m	g/l		
Normal value in marine wate	r			0,88	m	g/l		
Normal value for fresh water	sediment			34,6	m	g/kg/d		
Normal value for marine water	er sediment			3,46	m	g/kg/d		
Normal value for water, intern	mittent release			9,1	m	g/l		
Normal value of STP microor	ganisms			463	m	g/l		
Normal value for the terrestri	al compartment			2,33	m	g/kg/d		

Health - Derived no-effect I	Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL											
	Effects on				Effects on							
	consumers				workers							
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic local	Chronic				
				systemic		systemic		systemic				
Oral	VND	26,7 mg/kg	VND	6,3 mg/kg				_				
		bw/d		bw/d								
Inhalation	147 mg/m3	426 mg/m3	NPI	59 mg/m3	246 mg/m3	1091 mg/m3	NPI	98 mg/m3				
Skin	VND	89 mg/kg bw/d	NPI	75 mg/kg	NPI	89 mg/kg	NPI	125 mg/kg				
				bw/d		bw/d		bw/d				

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.



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VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a type AX filter, whose limit of use will be defined by the manufacturer (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance liquid
Colour colourless

Odour characteristic of solvent

Odour threshold Not available Concentration:0,5 - 1,0 ppm

Substance:XYLENE (MIXTURE OF

ISOMERS)

pH Not applicable Reason for missing data:solvent based



Boiling range

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Melting point / freezing point Not available

Temperature:13,2 (p-XYLENE); -49,9°C (m-

XYLENE); -25,2°C (o-XYLENE)

product, insoluble in water.

Initial boiling point > 35 °C

> Not available Temperature:135-145°C (PUBCHEM

CID:6850715)

60 ≤ T ≤ 23 °C Flash point

Concentration:0,75 (butyl acetate =1) Evaporation rate Not available

Substance:XYLENE (MIXTURE OF

ISOMERS)

Flammability (solid, gas) not applicable

Lower inflammability limit Not available Concentration: Vol% 1,1 (p-XYLENE, m-

XYLENE); 0,9 (o-XYLENE) Concentration: Vol% 7 (p-XYLENE, m-Upper inflammability limit Not available

XYLENE); 6,7 (o-XYLENE)

Lower explosive limit Not available Concentration:in air Vol% 1,1 (p-XYLENE, m-

XYLENE); 0,9 (o-XYLENE)

Upper explosive limit Not available Concentration:in air Vol% 7 (p-XYLENE, m-

XYLENE); 6,7 (o-XYLENE)

Vapour pressure Not available Concentration:0,186 PSI (T=26,6°C, p-

XYLENE); 0,207 PSI (T=29,4°C, m-XYLENE);

0,194 PSI (T=32,2, o-XYLENE)

Not available Concentration:3,7 (air=1, T=20°C, font ICSC)) Vapour density

Substance: XYLENE (MIXTURE OF

ISOMERS)

Relative density 0,98 g/ml

insoluble in water Solubility

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available Concentration:LOG POW (3,15 p-XYLENE;

3,2 m-XYLENE; 3,12 o-XYLENE) T=20°C Temperature:528°C (p-XYLENE); 527°C (m-Not available

XYLENE); 463°C (o-XYLENE) (1 Bar)

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature Not available

Viscosity 100 cPs (T = 20 °C) Explosive properties not applicable

Oxidising properties not applicable

9.2. Other information

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC): 55,11 % - 540,06 g/litre

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Decomposes on contact with: water.

ETHYL ACETATE

Decomposes slowly into acetic acid and ethanol under the effect of light, air and water.



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2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Decomposes under the effect of heat.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. Reacts violently with: strong oxidants, strong acids, nitric acid, perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with: air.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents. May react dangerously with: alkaline hydroxides, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

ETHYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: alkaline metals,hydrides,oleum.May react violently with: fluorine,strong oxidising agents,chlorosulphuric acid,potassium tert-butoxide.Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

May react dangerously with: aluminium, oxidising agents. Forms peroxides with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: moisture, sources of heat, naked flames.

ETHYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: light, sources of heat, naked flames.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat,naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: water, nitrates, strong oxidants, acids, alkalis, zinc.



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ETHYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: acids,bases,strong oxidants,aluminium,nitrates,chlorosulphuric acid.Incompatible materials:

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

May develop: hydrogen.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Toxic effect on the central nervous system (encephalopathy); irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

In humans, the substance's vapours cause irritation of the eyes and nose. In the event of repeated exposure, skin irritation, dermatitis (dryness and cracking of the skin) and keratitis appear.

Interactive effects

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)



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Intake of alcohol interferes with the metabolism of the substance, inhibiting it. Ethanol consumption (0.8 g/kg) before a 4-hour exposure to xylene vapours (145 and 280 ppm) causes a 50% reduction in the excretion of methyl hippuric acid, whereas the concentration of xylenes in the blood increases approx. 1.5-2 times. At the same time there is an increase in the secondary side effects of the ethanol. The metabolism of the xylenes is increased by phenobarbital and 3-methyl-colantrene type enzyme inducers. Aspirin and xylenes mutually inhibit their conjugation with the glycine, which results in a decrease in urinary excretion of methyl hippuric acid. Other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of xylenes.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

A case of acute intoxication been reported involving a 33 year old worker while cleaning a tank with a preparation containing xylenes, butyl acetate and ethylene glycol acetate. The person had irritation of the conjunctiva and upper respiratory tract, drowsiness and motor coordination disorders, which disappeared within 5 hours. The symptoms are attributed to poisoning by mixed xylenes and butyl acetate, with a possible synergistic effect responsible for the neurological effects. Cases of vacuolar keratitis are reported in workers exposed to a mixture of butyl acetate and isobutanol vapours, but with uncertainty concerning the responsibility of a particular solvent (INRC, 2011).

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture:
> 20 mg/l
ATE (Oral) of the mixture:
Not classified (no significant component)
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:
>2000 mg/kg

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

LD50 (Oral) 3523 mg/kg Rat (equivalent or similar to EU Method B.1)

LD50 (Dermal) 4200 mg/kg Rabbit (Industrial Medicine 39, 215-200, 1970)

LC50 (Inhalation) 26 mg/l/4h Rat(equivalent or similar to EU Method B.2)

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

LD50 (Oral) 615 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal) 405 mg/kg Rabbit

LC50 (Inhalation) 2,2 mg/l/4h Rat

ETHYL ACETATE

LD50 (Oral) 4934 mg/kg Rabbit (Equivalent to OECD 401)

LD50 (Dermal) 20000 mg/kg Rabbit (Publication Am Ind Hyg Ass J, 23, 95)

LC50 (Inhalation) 22,5 mg/l/6h Rat (40 CFR Part 799 (58 FR 40262))

N-BUTYL ACETATE



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LD50 (Oral) 10760 mg/kg Rat (Equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 423)

LD50 (Dermal) 14112 mg/kg Rabbit (Equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 402)

LC50 (Inhalation) 5,3 mg/l/4h Rat (Equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 423)

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

LD50 (Oral) 3492 mg/kg Rat (Study report ECHA)

LD50 (Dermal) 3160 mg/kg Rabbit (Equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 402)

LC50 (Inhalation) 6193 ppm/4h Rat (Equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 403, GLP)

CHIGUARD 5530

LD50 (Oral) > 5000 mg/kg Rat, according to (OECD Guideline No. 401)

LD50 (Dermal) > 2000 mg/kg rat, according to (OECD Guideline No. 402)

LC50 (Inhalation) > 5,8 mg/l/4h rat, according to (OECD 403). (Fully conforms with Annex V, B2)

DIBUTYLTIN DILAURATE

LD50 (Oral) 2071 mg/kg RAT, equivalent or similar to (OECD Guideline 401)

LD50 (Dermal) > 2000 mg/kg rat, according to (OECD Guideline 402)

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

May produce an allergic reaction.Contains:DIBUTYLTIN DILAURATE bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate CHIGUARD 5530

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY



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Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).
The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause respiratory irritation May cause drowsiness or dizziness

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

May cause damage to organs

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class Viscosity: 100 cPs (T = 20 °C)

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment. 12.1. Toxicity

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

LC50 - for Fish 2,6 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss (OECD TG 203)

Chronic NOEC for Fish 1,3 mg/l 56d Oncorhynchus mykiss (Appl. Sci. Branch, Eng. Res. Cent.

Denver, CO: 15p.)

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 1,17 mg/l 7d Ceriodaphnia dubia (Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety

39, 136-146)

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

LC50 - for Fish 1474 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss, according to (OECD Guideline 203)

EC50 - for Crustacea 1550 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna, according to (OECD Guideline 202)

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 911 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata, according to (OECD Guideline

201)

ETHYL ACETATE

LC50 - for Fish 230 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas (US EPA method E03-05)

EC50 - for Crustacea 165 mg/l/48h Dapnia (Rif. SDS fornitore)

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 100 mg/l Scenedesmus subspicatus (OECD Guideline 201, GLP)

N-BUTYL ACETATE



LC50 - for Fish

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18 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas (Equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline

203)

EC50 - for Crustacea 44 mg/l/48h Daphnia sp. (Publication, 1959, no guideline followed)

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 648 mg/l/72h Desmodesmus subspicatus (Umweltbundesamt - German

Federal Environment Agency)

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 23 mg/l Daphnia magna, 21 d (Read-across from supporting substance,

OECD Guideline 211)

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

LC50 - for Fish 9,2 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss (OECD Guideline 203, GLP)

EC50 - for Crustacea 3,2 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 202, GLP)

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 2,6 mg/l/72h Raphidocelis subcapitata (OECD Guideline 201, GLP)

CHIGUARD 5530

LC50 - for Fish 2,8 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss, according to (OECD Guideline 203)

EC50 - for Crustacea 4 mg/l/48h daphnia magna, according to (EPA Guideline EG-1)

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 9 mg/l/72h Selenastrum capricornutum, according to (OECD Guideline 201)

DIBUTYLTIN DILAURATE

LC50 - for Fish 3,1 mg/l/96h Brachydanio rerio (OECD TG 203 by SDS fornitore)

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants > 1 mg/l/72h Scenedesmus subspicatus, according to (OECD Guideline 201)

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 1,7 mg/l Daphnia magna, according to (OECD Guideline 202)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Solubility in water 100 - 1000 Handbook of aqueous solubility data. mg/l

Rapidly degradable

OECD Guideline 301 F, GLP

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

ETHYL ACETATE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

(Publication JWPCF 46(1), p63-77)

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable OECD Guideline 301 D

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

Rapidly degradable

Biodegradazione 78% in 28 d (OECD Guideline 301 F)



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CHIGUARD 5530

NOT rapidly degradable

bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)

sebacate

NOT rapidly degradable

DIBUTYLTIN DILAURATE

NOT rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3,12 American Chemical Society, Washington DC

BCF 25,9 Appl. Sci. Branch, Eng. Res. Cent. Denver, CO: 15p.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,81

ETHYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,68 BCF 30

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2,3 a 25 °C (Metodo OECD TG 117)

BCF 15,3

12.4. Mobility in soil

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Partition coefficient: soil/water 2,73 equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 121

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: soil/water < 3

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations



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13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (Contens: XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS), n-BUTHYL ACETATE,

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS, ETHYL ACETATE) MIXTURE

IMDG: PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (Contens: XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS), n-BUTHYL ACETATE,

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS, ETHYL ACETATE) MIXTURE

IATA: PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (Contens: XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS), n-BUTHYL ACETATE,

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS, ETHYL ACETATE) MIXTURE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 33 Limited Quantities: 5 L Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)



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Special provision: -

IMDG: EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u> Limited Quantities: 5 L

Cargo: Maximum quantity: 60 L Packaging instructions: 364

Pass.: Maximum quantity: 5 L Packaging instructions: 353

Special provision: A3, A72, A192

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: P5c

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

IATA:

Point

- 3. Liquid substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:
- (a) hazard classes 2.1 to 2.4, 2.6 and 2.7, 2.8 types A and B, 2.9, 2.10, 2.12, 2.13 categories 1 and 2, 2.14 categories 1 and 2, 2.15 types A to F;
- (b) hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10;
- (c) hazard class 4.1;
- (d) hazard class 5.1.
- 40. Substances classified as flammable gases category 1 or 2, flammable liquids categories 1, 2 or 3, flammable solids category 1 or 2, substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, category 1, 2 or 3, pyrophoric liquids category 1 or pyrophoric solids category 1, regardless of whether they appear in Part 3 of Annex VI to that Regulation or not.

Contained substance

Point 75 XYLENE (MIXTURE

OF ISOMERS) Reg. no.: 01-2119488216-

32

Point 20-30-75 DIBUTYLTIN

DILAURATE Reg. no.: 01-2119496068-

27

Point 75 2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Reg. no.: 01-2119475108-36

Point 75 SOLVENT NAPHTHA

(PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROM Reg. no.: 01-2119455851-

35



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Point

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OCTAMETHYLCYCL OTETRASILOXANE Reg. no.: 01-2119529238-36

Regulation (EC) No. 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

Not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) :

Special finishes.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been performed for the following contained substances

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

ETHYL ACETATE

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:



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Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquid, category 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3 Muta. 2 Germ cell mutagenicity, category 2 Repr. 1B Reproductive toxicity, category 1B

STOT SE 1 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 1

Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4

STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1

Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1

STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2

Skin Corr. 1C Skin corrosion, category 1C Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2 Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2

STOT SF 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization, category 1

Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1 **Aquatic Chronic 1** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1 **Aquatic Chronic 2** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2 **Aquatic Chronic 3** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

H370 Causes damage to organs. H302

Harmful if swallowed.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Use descriptor system:



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ERC	7	Use of functional fluid at industrial site		
ERC	, 8а			
		Widespread use of non- reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, indoor)		
ERC	8d	Widespread use of non- reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, outdoor)		
PROC	1	Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions.		
PROC	10	Roller application or brushing		
PROC	11	Non industrial spraying		
PROC	13	Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring		
PROC	15	Use as laboratory reagent		
PROC	19	Manual activities involving hand contact		
PROC	2	Chemical production or refinery in closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions		
PROC	3	Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition		
PROC	4	Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises		
PROC	5	Mixing or blending in batch processes		
PROC	8a	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non- dedicated facilities		
PROC	8b	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities		

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- **DNEL: Derived No Effect Level**
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EÚ) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)



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- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Regulation (EU) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
 The Merck Index. 10th Edition
 Handling Chemical Safety

- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Istituto Superiore di Sanità (ISS) – Archivio Preparati Pericolosi

Codice azienda: IT00465900728 Ragione sociale: Ilpa Adesivi Srl Nome prodotto ISS: C5101 Codice prodotto ISS: C5101

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11. Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Training for workers:

Worker training should include content, updates and duration depending on the risk profiles assigned to the business sectors they belong

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 01 / 02 / 03 / 04 / 06 / 07 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 14 / 15 / 16.