

Revision nr. 1

Dated 15/05/2023 First compilation Printed on 15/05/2023

M4207 - URANIUM

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Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

M4207 Code: **URANIUM** Product name

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Unsaturated polyester resin for repairs. Professional use only.

Uses related to the substances present:

Identified Uses Industrial Professional Consumer PROC: 1, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, Styrene PROC: 1, 10, 11, 3, 4, 5, 8a. 3, 4, 5, 7, 8a, 8b, 9.

Uses Advised Against

SU21: Consumer use

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

ILPA ADESIVI SRL Name Full address Via Ferorelli, 4 District and Country 70132 BARI (BARI) ITALIA

Tel. + 39 0805383837 Fax + 39 0805377807

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet laboratorio@ilpa.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

+ 39 0808974667 (Technical support - 8,00 - 17,00 - LUN-GIO; MON-THU; 8:00 - 13:00 VEN; FRI)(Italian Time zone) For urgent inquiries refer to

Safety Executive (HSE) Chemicals Regulation Directorate 5S.1 Redgrave Court, Merton

Road, Bootle, Merseyside. L20 7HS.

Phone: +44 151 9513317

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture



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The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flammable liquid, category 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

Reproductive toxicity, category 2 H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1 H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure

Eye irritation, category 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin irritation, category 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin sensitization, category 1A H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

category 3

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:







Signal words:

Hazard statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

Danger

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.
P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.

P370+P378 In case of fire: use carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder to extinguish.

Contains: STYRENE

MALEIC ANHYDRIDE

Product not intended for uses provided for by Directive 2004/42/EC.



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2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

STYRENE

CAS 100-42-5 28.5 ≤ x < 30 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Repr. 2 H361d, Acute Tox. 4 H332, STOT RE 1 H372,

Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP

Regulation: D

EC 202-851-5 LC50 Inhalation vapours: 11.8 mg/l/4h

INDEX 601-026-00-0

REACH Reg. 01-2119457861-32

HYDROCARBONS, C9,

AROMATICS

CAS - 0.1 ≤ x < 0.15 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H335, STOT SE 3 H336,

Aquatic Chronic 2 H411, EUH066

EC 918-668-5

INDEX -

REACH Reg. 01-2119455851-35

1,1 '- (p-tolylimino) dipropan-2-ol

CAS 38668-48-3 0.1 ≤ x < 0.15 Acute Tox. 2 H300, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

EC 254-075-1 LD50 Oral: >25 mg/kg

INDEX -

REACH Reg. 01-2119980937-17-

XXXX

MALEIC ANHYDRIDE

CAS 108-31-6 0.05 \leq x < 0.1 Acute Tox. 4 H302, STOT RE 1 H372, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1

H318, Resp. Sens. 1 H334, Skin Sens. 1A H317, EUH071

EC 203-571-6 Skin Sens. 1A H317: ≥ 0.001%

INDEX 607-096-00-9 LD50 Oral: 400

REACH Reg. 01-2119472428-31-

XXXX

N-BUTYL ACETATE

CAS 123-86-4 0 ≤ x < 0.05 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC 204-658-1 INDEX 607-025-00-1

MONOMETHYL ETHER

REACH Reg. 01-2119485493-29

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL



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CAS 34590-94-8

 $0 \le x < 0.05$

Substance with a community workplace exposure limit.

EC 252-104-2

INDEX -

REACH Reg. 01-2119450011-60-

XXXX

METHANOL

CAS 67-56-1 $0 \le x < 0.05$

Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Acute Tox. 3 H311, Acute Tox. 3

H331, STOT SE 1 H370 STOT SE 2 H371: ≥ 3%

INDEX 603-001-00-X STA Oral: 100 mg/kg, STA Dermal: 300 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapours: 3

ma/l

REACH Reg. 01-2119433307-44

CYCLOHEXANE

EC 200-659-6

CAS 110-82-7 $0 \le x < 0.05$

Flam. Lig. 2 H225, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Irrit, 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336.

Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1

EC 203-806-2

INDEX 601-017-00-1

REACH Reg. 01-2119463273-41

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

PROTECTIVE MEASURES FOR THE FIRST RESCUE WORKERS: for PPE (personal protection equipment) required for first aid refer to section 8.2 of this safety data sheet.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

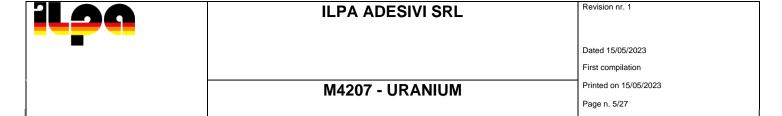
Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to



disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.



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7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No use other than specified in Section 1.2 of this safety data sheet.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

BELL	B	T ' D (" O
DEU	Deutschland	Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte. MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe. Mitteilung 56
ESP	España	Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2021
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
GRC	Ελλάδα	Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α` 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των οδηγιών
		2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας 2004/37/ΕΚ ``σχετικά με
		την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή
		μεταλλαξιγόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία``»
HRV	Hrvatska	Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnimkemikalijama na radu,
		graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021)
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
NLD	Nederland	Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling. Lijst van wettelijke grenswaarden op grond van de artikelen 4.3, eerste
		lid, en 4.16, eerste lid, van het Arbeidsomstandighedenbesluit
PRT	Portugal	Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021 de 6 de janeiro, valores-limite de exposição profissional indicativos para os agentes
		químicos. Decreto-Lei n.º 35/2020 de 13 de julho, proteção dos trabalhadores contra os riscos ligados à
		exposição durante o trabalho a agentes cancerígenos ou mutagénicos
ROU	România	Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru modificarea
		și completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398;
		Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive
	TIV ACCIUI	2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2021

STYRENE							
Threshold Limit Value							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
MAK	DEU	86	20	172	40		
VLA	ESP	86	20	172	40		
VLEP	FRA	100	23.3	200	46.6		
TLV	GRC	425	100	1050	250		
GVI/KGVI	HRV	430	100	1080	250	SKIN	
TGG	NLD	107					
TLV	ROU	50	12	150	35		
WEL	GBR	430	100	1080	250		
TLV-ACGIH		10		20			



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						1 - 9	e II. 7/27	
Predicted no-effect concentration	DNEC							
	- PNEC			0.000				
Normal value in fresh water				0.028	mg			
Normal value in marine water				0.014	mg			
Normal value for fresh water sedi	ment			0.614		/kg/d		
Normal value for marine water se-	diment			0.0614	mg	/kg/d		
Normal value for water, intermitte	nt release			0.04	mg	/I		
Normal value of STP microorgania	sms			5	mg	/I		
Normal value for the terrestrial co	mpartment			0.2	mg	/kg/d		
Health - Derived no-effect le	evel - DNEL / DN Effects on consumers	/IEL			Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic local	Chronic
Oral			VND	systemic 2,1 mg/kg bw/d		systemic		systemic
Inhalation	182,75 mg/m3	174,25 mg/m3	VND	10,2 mg/m3	306 mg/m3	289 mg/m3	VND	85 mg/m3
Skin			VND	343 mg/kg bw/d			VND	406 mg/kg bw/d
HYDROCARBONS, C9, ARC Threshold Limit Value	OMATICS							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks Observat		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	Observat	10113	
OEL	EU	100	19					
Health - Derived no-effect le	Effects on	/EL			Effects on			
Route of exposure	consumers Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic	workers Acute local	Acute	Chronic local	Chronic
Oral		· ·	VND	systemic 11 mg/kg		systemic		systemic
Olai				bw/d				
Inhalation			VND	32 mg/m3			VND	150 mg/m
Skin			VND	11 mg/kg bw/d			VND	25 mg/kg bw/d
111 (n tabilimina) dinnera	n-2-∩l							
i, i - (p-tolylimino) dipropa	0.							
Predicted no-effect concentration	- PNEC							
Predicted no-effect concentration	- PNEC			0.017	mg	J/I		
1,1 '- (p-tolylimino) dipropal Predicted no-effect concentration Normal value in fresh water Normal value in marine water	- PNEC			0.017	mg mg	4		
Predicted no-effect concentration Normal value in fresh water Normal value in marine water	- PNEC				mg	4		
Predicted no-effect concentration Normal value in fresh water	- PNEC			0.002	mg mg	/I		
Predicted no-effect concentration Normal value in fresh water Normal value in marine water Normal value for fresh water sedicular sed	- PNEC ment diment			0.002	mg mg	ı/l ı/kg ı/kg		
Predicted no-effect concentration Normal value in fresh water Normal value in marine water Normal value for fresh water sedii Normal value for marine water se Normal value for water, intermitte	ment diment nt release			0.002 0.078 0.008	mg mg	ı/l /kg ı/kg ı/l		
Predicted no-effect concentration Normal value in fresh water Normal value in marine water Normal value for fresh water sedic Normal value for marine water se Normal value for water, intermitte Normal value of STP microorganic	ment diment ent release sms			0.002 0.078 0.008 0.17	mg mg mg mg	ı/l /kg ı/kg ı/l		
Predicted no-effect concentration Normal value in fresh water Normal value in marine water Normal value for fresh water sedic Normal value for marine water se Normal value for water, intermitte Normal value of STP microorganic	ment diment int release sms impartment evel - DNEL / DN Effects on	/IEL		0.002 0.078 0.008 0.17 199.5	mg mg mg mg mg	/l /kg //kg /l		
Predicted no-effect concentration Normal value in fresh water Normal value in marine water Normal value for fresh water sedii Normal value for marine water se Normal value for water, intermitte Normal value of STP microorganii Normal value for the terrestrial co	ment diment int release isms impartment evel - DNEL / DN	WEL Acute systemic	Chronic local	0.002 0.078 0.008 0.17 199.5 0.005	mg mg mg mg	y/l y/kg y/kg y/l y/l y/kg Acute	Chronic local	Chronic
Normal value in fresh water Normal value in marine water Normal value for fresh water sedin Normal value for marine water sedin Normal value for water, intermitte Normal value of STP microorganis Normal value for the terrestrial co Health - Derived no-effect leads	ment diment nt release sms mpartment evel - DNEL / DN Effects on consumers		Chronic local	0.002 0.078 0.008 0.17 199.5 0.005 Chronic systemic 0,3 mg/kg	mg	/l //kg //kg //l //l //kg	Chronic local	Chronic systemic 0,3
Predicted no-effect concentration Normal value in fresh water Normal value in marine water Normal value for fresh water sedic Normal value for marine water secundary sedicular sedicular value for water, intermitte Normal value for water, intermitte Normal value of STP microorganic Normal value for the terrestrial co Health - Derived no-effect leads	ment diment nt release sms mpartment evel - DNEL / DN Effects on consumers		Chronic local	0.002 0.078 0.008 0.17 199.5 0.005	mg	y/l y/kg y/kg y/l y/l y/kg Acute	Chronic local	systemic



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Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks Observati		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	Obscivati	0110	
AGW	DEU	0.081	0.02	0.081 (C)	0.02 (C)			
MAK	DEU	0.081	0.02	0.081 (C)	0.02 (C)		C = 0,20	mg/m3
VLA	ESP	0.4	0.1					
VLEP	FRA			1				
TLV	GRC	1						
GVI/KGVI	HRV	0.41	0.1	0.8	0.2	INHAL		
GVI/KGVI	HRV	0.41	0.1	0.8	0.2	SKIN		
TLV	ROU	1	0.25	3	0.75			
WEL	GBR	1		3				
TLV-ACGIH		0.01	0.0025			INHAL		
Predicted no-effect concentration	n - PNEC							
Normal value in fresh water				0.075	mç	g/l		
Normal value in marine water				0.0075	mg	g/l		
Normal value for fresh water sec	diment			0.06	mg	g/kg		
Normal value for marine water sediment				0.006	mç	g/kg		
Normal value for water, intermitt	48.1	mg	g/l					
Normal value of STP microorgar	4.46	mç	g/I					
Normal value for the food chain (secondary poisoning)				6.67	mg	g/kg		
Normal value for the terrestrial c	ompartment			0.01	mg	g/kg		
Health - Derived no-effect	Effects on	DMEL			Effects on			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic	workers Acute local	Acute	Chronic local	Chronic
Oral		0,1 mg/kg bw/d		systemic 0,06 mg/kg		systemic		systemic
Inhalation			0,08 mg/m3	bw/d 0,05 mg/m3	0,8 mg/m3	0,8 mg/m3	0,32 mg/m3	0,19 mg/m3
Skin		0,1 mg/kg bw/d	0,00 mg/m3	0,03 mg/kg	0,0 mg/m3	0,0 mg/ms	0,32 mg/m3	0,19 mg/kg
OKIII		o, i mg/kg bw/d		bw/d		bw/d		bw/d
NI DUTYL ACETATE								
N-BUTYL ACETATE Threshold Limit Value								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks Observati		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	200017411		
AGW	DEU	300	62	600 (C)	124 (C)			
VLA	ESP	241	50	724	150			
VLEP	FRA	710	150	940	200			
TLV	GRC	710	150	950	200			
GVI/KGVI	HRV	241	50	723	150			
VLEP	ITA	241	50	723	150			



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	VLE	PRT	241	50	723	150
	TLV	ROU	241	50	723	150
	WEL	GBR	724	150	966	200
	OEL	EU	241	50	723	150
	TLV-ACGIH			50		150
- 1						

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC			
Normal value in fresh water	0.18	mg/l	
Normal value in marine water	0.018	mg/l	
Normal value for fresh water sediment	0.981	mg/kg/d	
Normal value for marine water sediment	0.0981	mg/kg/d	
Normal value for water, intermittent release	0.36	mg/l	
Normal value of STP microorganisms	35.6	mg/l	
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	0.0903	mg/kg/d	

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL Effects on consumers Effects on workers Route of exposure Acute local Acute systemic Chronic local Chronic Acute local Acute Chronic local Chronic systemic systemic systemic 102,34 mg/m3 Inhalation 859,7 mg/m3 859,7 mg/m3 102,34 mg/m3 960 mg/m3 960 mg/m3 480 mg/m3 480 mg/m3

Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
AGW	DEU	310	50	310	50	
MAK	DEU	310	50	310	50	
VLA	ESP	308	50			SKIN
VLEP	FRA	308	50			SKIN
TLV	GRC	600	100	900	150	
GVI/KGVI	HRV	308	50			SKIN
VLEP	ITA	308	50			SKIN
TGG	NLD	300				
VLE	PRT	308	50			SKIN
TLV	ROU	308	50			SKIN
WEL	GBR	308	50			SKIN
OEL	EU	308	50			SKIN
Predicted no-effect conce	entration - PNEC					
Normal value in fresh wa	ter			19	m	ng/l
Normal value in marine v	vater			1.9	m	ng/l
Normal value for fresh wa	ater sediment			70.2	m	ng/kg
Normal value for marine	water sediment			7.02	m	ng/kg
Normal value for water, in	ntermittent release			190	m	ng/l
Normal value of STP mid	roorganisms			4168	m	ng/l
Normal value for the terre	estrial compartment			2.74	m	ng/kg



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Health - Derived no-effe	Effects on consumers	- -			Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral				1,67 mg/kg bw/d				
nhalation				37,2 mg/m3				310 mg/m3
Skin				15 mg/kg bw/d				65 mg/kg bw/d
METHANOL								
Threshold Limit Value Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks	/	
			nnm		nnm	Observati		
AGW	DEU	mg/m3 270	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	CIZINI		
			200	1080	800	SKIN		
MAK	DEU	130	100	260	200	SKIN		
VLA	ESP	266	200			SKIN		
VLEP TLV	FRA GRC	260 260	200	1300 325	1000 250	SKIN	11	
GVI/KGVI	HRV	260	200			SKIN		
VLEP	ITA	260	200			SKIN		
TGG	NLD	133				SKIN		
VLE	PRT	260	200			SKIN		
TLV	ROU	260	200			SKIN		
				200	050			
WEL	GBR	266	200	333	250	SKIN		
OEL	EU	260	200					
TLV-ACGIH		262	200	328	250	SKIN		
Predicted no-effect concentr	ation - PNEC							
Normal value in fresh water				20.8	mg	g/l		
Normal value in marine wate	r			20.8 mg/l				
Normal value for fresh water	sediment			77	mç	g/kg/d		
Normal value for marine wat	er sediment			7.7	mç	g/kg/d		
Normal value for water, inter	mittent release			1540	mç	g/I		
Normal value of STP microo	rganisms			100	mg	g/l		
Normal value for the terrestri	al compartment			100	mç	g/kg/d		
Health - Derived no-effe		OMEL						
	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral	VND	8 mg/kg bw/d	VND	8 mg/kg bw/d		бублонно		Зубютно
Inhalation	50 mg/m3	50 mg/m3	50 mg/m3	50 mg/m3	260 mg/m3	260 mg/m3	260 mg/m3	260 mg/m3
Skin	VND	8 mg/kg bw/d	VND	8 mg/kg bw/d	VND	40 mg/kg bw/d	VND	40 mg/kg bw/d
CYCLOHEXANE Threshold Limit Value								
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	Observati	UNS	



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AGW	DEU	700	200	2800	800		
MAK	DEU	700	200	2800	800		
VLA	ESP	700	200				
VLEP	FRA	700	200	1300	375	11	
TLV	GRC	700	200				
GVI/KGVI	HRV	700	200			SKIN	
VLEP	ITA	350	100				
TGG	NLD	700		1400			
VLE	PRT	700	200				
TLV	ROU	700	200				
WEL	GBR	350	100	1050	300		
OEL	EU	700	200				
TLV-ACGIH		344	100				
Predicted no-effect cond	centration - PNEC						
Normal value in fresh wa	ater			0.207	mg/l		
Normal value in marine	water			0.207	mg/l		
Normal value for fresh w	vater sediment			3.627	mg/kg/d	t	
Normal value for marine	water sediment			3.627	mg/kg/d	t	
Normal value for water,	intermittent release			0.207	mg/l		
Normal value of STP mi	icroorganisms			3.24	mg/l		
Normal value for the ter	restrial compartment			2.99	mg/kg/d	t	

Health - Derived no-eff	ect level - DNEL / D Effects on	MEL			Effects on			
	consumers				workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic local	Chronic
·				systemic		systemic		systemic
Oral			VND	59,4 mg/kg				
				bw/d				
Inhalation	412 mg/m3	412 mg/m3	206 mg/m3	206 mg/m3	700 mg/m3	700 mg/m3	700 mg/m3	700 mg/m3
Skin	VND	VND	VND	1186 mg/kg	VND	VND	VND	2016 mg/kg
				bw/d				bw/d

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).



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HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category III professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

In the presence of risks of exposure to splashes or squirts during work, adequate mouth, nose and eye protection should be used to prevent accidental absorption.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	paste	
Colour	yellow	
Odour	characteristic of solvent	
Odour threshold	0,32 ppm	Remark:(STYRENE: Journal of Applied Toxicology, 3(6):272-290. 1983.) Substance:STYRENE
Melting point / freezing point	Not available	Substance:STYRENE Temperature: -30,7 °C
Initial boiling point	145 °C	Substance:STYRENE Temperature: 145 °C
Flammability	flammable liquid	
Lower explosive limit Upper explosive limit Flash point	1.2 % (v/v) 8.9 % (v/v) 23 ≤ T ≤ 60 °C	Substance:STYRENE Substance:STYRENE



Kinematic viscosity

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Auto-ignition temperature 490 °C Substance:STYRENE

Temperature: 490 °C

Decomposition temperature Not applicable

Not applicable Reason for missing data:solvent based

product, insoluble in water.

Remark: Kinematic viscosity>20,5 mm2/s, (at 1000000 mm2/s

Temperature: 25 °C 1200 ± 200 Pas Temperature: 25 °C

Dynamic viscosity

Solubility insoluble in water

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2.96 Concentration: Log Pow 2,96 % Substance:STYRENE

> 6,67 hPa Substance:STYRENE

Vapour pressure Temperature: 20 °C

Density and/or relative density 1.1 g/cm3

Relative vapour density 3,6 (air=1) Substance:STYRENE Particle characteristics Not applicable

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Concentration: 0,49 (butyl acetate=1) % Evaporation rate Not available

Substance:STYRENE

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EU) 30.23 % - 332.58 g/litre VOC (volatile carbon) 27.70 % - 304.73 g/litre

Explosive properties Product is not explosive.

(STYRENE) not applicable

Oxidising properties

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

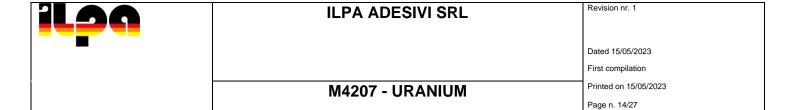
STYRENE

Polymerises at temperatures above 65°C/149°F. Fire hazard. Possibility of explosion.

Added with an inhibitor that requires a small amount of dissolved oxygen at temperatures < 25°C/77°F.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Decomposes on contact with: water.



DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

Forms peroxides with: air.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

STYRENE

May react dangerously with: peroxides,strong acids.May polymerise on contact with: aluminium trichloride,azobisisobutyronitrile,dibenzoyl peroxide,sodium.Risk of explosion on contact with: butyllithium,chlorosulphuric acid,diterbutyl peroxide,oxidising substances,oxygen.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents. May react dangerously with: alkaline hydroxides, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

May react violently with: strong oxidising agents.

CYCLOHEXANE

May react violently with: strong oxidants, liquid nitric oxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

STYRENE

Avoid contact with: oxidising substances, copper, strong acids.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: moisture, sources of heat, naked flames.

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

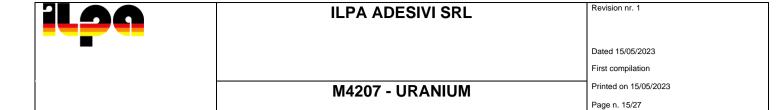
Avoid exposure to: sources of heat. Possibility of explosion.

10.5. Incompatible materials

STYRENE

Incompatible materials: plastic materials.

N-BUTYL ACETATE



Incompatible with: water, nitrates, strong oxidants, acids, alkalis, zinc.

CYCLOHEXANE

Incompatible materials: natural rubbers, neoprene, polyvinyl chloride, polyethylene.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

STYRENE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

METHANOL

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

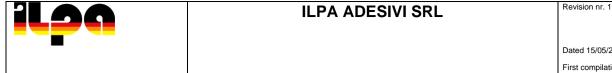
POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

CYCLOHEXANE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure



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STYRENE

The acute toxicity by inhalation at 1000 ppm affects the central nervous system with headache and dizziness, lack of coordination; irritation of the eye and respiratory tract mucous membranes occurs at 500 ppm. Chronic exposure causes depression of the central and peripheral nervous system with loss of memory, headache and drowsiness starting at 20 ppm; digestive disorders with nausea and loss of appetite; irritation of the respiratory tract with chronic bronchitis; dermatosis. Repeated exposure, at low doses of inhaled substance, causes irreversible changes to hearing and may cause changes in colour vision. No certain data is available on the reversibility of the visual impairment. Repeated skin exposure causes irritation. The substance degreases the skin, which can cause dryness and cracking.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

In humans, the substance's vapours cause irritation of the eyes and nose. In the event of repeated exposure, skin irritation, dermatitis (dryness and cracking of the skin) and keratitis appear.

METHANOL

The minimum lethal dose for humans by ingestion is considered to be in the range from 300 to 1000 mg/kg. Ingestion of 4-10 ml of the substance may cause permanent blindness in adult humans (IPCS).

CYCLOHEXANE

Irritating for the skin and mucous membranes, and may be absorbed by the skin; nerve damage can occur at high doses and is largely due to the cyclohexanone, its metabolite.

Interactive effects

STYRENE

The metabolism of the substance is inhibited by ethanol. When styrene is photo-oxidised with ozone and nitrogen dioxide, as in the formation of smoq, products highly irritating for the human eye may ensue.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

A case of acute intoxication been reported involving a 33 year old worker while cleaning a tank with a preparation containing xylenes, butyl acetate and ethylene glycol acetate. The person had irritation of the conjunctiva and upper respiratory tract, drowsiness and motor coordination disorders, which disappeared within 5 hours. The symptoms are attributed to poisoning by mixed xylenes and butyl acetate, with a possible synergistic effect responsible for the neurological effects. Cases of vacuolar keratitis are reported in workers exposed to a mixture of butyl acetate and isobutanol vapours, but with uncertainty concerning the responsibility of a particular solvent (INRC, 2011).

CYCLOHEXANE

The substance may enhance the effects of agents such as tri-ortho-cresyl phosphate (TOCP).

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: > 20 mg/l >2000 mg/kg ATE (Oral) of the mixture:

ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)

STYRENE

LD50 (Dermal): > 2000 mg/kg Rat (OECD Guideline 402)



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LD50 (Oral):

5000 mg/kg Rat (MSDS Supplier)

LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

11.8 mg/l/4h Rat (Archives of Environmental Health 18: 878-882 - sito ECHA)

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

LD50 (Dermal):

3160 mg/kg Rabbit (Equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 402)

LD50 (Oral):

3492 mg/kg Rat (Study report ECHA)

LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

6193 ppm/4h Rat (Equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 403, GLP)

1,1 '- (p-tolylimino) dipropan-2-ol

LD50 (Dermal):

> 2000 mg/kg rabbit, according to (EU Method B.3)

LD50 (Oral):

> 25 mg/kg rat, (25<mg<200) according to (OECD Guideline 423)

MALEIC ANHYDRIDE

LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral):

610 mg/kg Rat 400 mg/kg Rat

N-BUTYL ACETATE

LD50 (Dermal):

LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 14112 mg/kg Rabbit (Equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 402) 10760 mg/kg Rat (Equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 423) 5.3 mg/l/4h Rat (Equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 423)

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral):

> 9500 mg/kg RAT > 5000 mg/kg RAT

METHANOL

LD50 (Dermal):

STA (Dermal):

17100 mg/kg rabbit

300 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

LD50 (Oral):

LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

> 2538 mg/kg rat, equivalent or similar to (OECD Guideline 401)

128.2 mg/l/4h Sprague-Dawley, according to internal company standards

(BASF-test)

CYCLOHEXANE

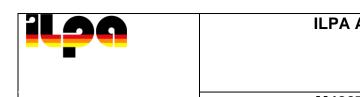
LD50 (Dermal):

LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours): > 2000 mg/kg Rabbit, EQUIVALENT OR SIMILAR TO (OECD Guideline 402) > 5000 mg/kg Rat, EQUIVALENT OR SIMILAR TO (OECD Guideline 401) 19 mg/l/4h Rat, EQUIVALENT OR SIMILAR TO (OECD Guideline 403)

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION



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Causes serious eye irritation		
RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISA	<u>TION</u>	
Sensitising for the skin		
Respiratory sensitization		
nformation not available		
Skin sensitization		
nformation not available		
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY		
Does not meet the classification criteria	a for this hazard class	
CARCINOGENICITY		
Does not meet the classification criteria	a for this hazard class	
STYRENE Classified in Group 2B (possible huma Classified as "probable carcinogen" by	n carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC) the US National Toxicology Program (NTP) - (US DHHS, 2014).	ARC, 2002).
REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY		
Suspected of damaging the unborn ch	ild	
Adverse effects on sexual function and	l fertility	
nformation not available		



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Adverse effects on development of the	e offspring		
Information not available			
Effects on arvis lastation			
Effects on or via lactation			
Information not available			
STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE			
<u> </u>			
May cause respiratory irritation			
Target organs			
Information not available			
iniomation not available			
Route of exposure			
Information not available			
STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE			
Causes damage to organs			
Target organs			
<u>g</u>			
Information not available			
Route of exposure			
Information not available			



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ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class Viscosity: 1000000 mm2/s

11.2 Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment. **12.1. Toxicity**

CYCLOHEXANE

LC50 - for Fish 4.53 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas, EQUIVALENT OR SIMILAR TO (OECD

Guideline 203)

EC50 - for Crustacea 3.89 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 32.7 mg/l/72h Chlorella vulgaris

STYRENE

LC50 - for Fish

10 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas (OECD Guideline 203, GLP)

EC50 - for Crustacea

4.7 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 202, GLP)

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 4.9 mg/l/72h Selenastrum capricornutum (EPA OTS 797.1050, GLP)

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 1.01 mg/l/21d Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 211, GLP)

METHANOL

LC50 - for Fish 12700 mg/l/96h Lepomis macrochirus, according to (EPA-660/3-75-009,

1975)

N-BUTYL ACETATE

LC50 - for Fish 18 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas (Equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline

203)

EC50 - for Crustacea 44 mg/l/48h Daphnia sp. (Publication, 1959, no guideline followed)

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 648 mg/l/72h Desmodesmus subspicatus (Umweltbundesamt - German

Federal Environment Agency)

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 23 mg/l Daphnia magna, 21 d (Read-across from supporting substance,

OECD Guideline 211)

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

LC50 - for Fish 9.2 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss (OECD Guideline 203, GLP) EC50 - for Crustacea 3.2 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 202, GLP)

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 2.6 mg/l/72h Raphidocelis subcapitata (OECD Guideline 201, GLP)

1,1 '- (p-tolylimino) dipropan-2-ol

LC50 - for Fish 17 mg/l/96h Brachydanio rerio, according to (Guideline F.1.1. of UBA)



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EC50 - for Crustacea

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants

28.8 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna, according to (OECD Guideline 202)

245 mg/l/72h Desmodesmus subspicatus, according to (OECD Guideline

201)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL

ETHER

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

CYCLOHEXANE

Solubility in water 0,1 - 100 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

STYRENE

Solubility in water 320 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

10 d, 68% according to (ISO DIS 9408)

METHANOL

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable OECD Guideline 301 D

MALEIC ANHYDRIDE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Entirely degradable

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

Rapidly degradable

Biodegradazione 78% in 28 d (OECD Guideline 301 F)

1,1 '- (p-tolylimino) dipropan-2-ol

Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL

ETHER

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0.0043

CYCLOHEXANE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3.44



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BCF 167 Pimephales promelas, According to Veith (1979)

STYRENE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2.96 BCF 74

METHANOL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -0.77 BCF 0.2

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2.3 a 25 °C (Metodo OECD TG 117)

BCF 15.3

MALEIC ANHYDRIDE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -2.78

1,1 '- (p-tolylimino) dipropan-2-ol

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2.1 Log Kow according to (OECD Guideline 107)

12.4. Mobility in soil

CYCLOHEXANE

Partition coefficient: soil/water 2.89

STYRENE

Partition coefficient: soil/water 352 (Section 4.3 of Chapter on QSAR in the TGD)

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: soil/water < 3

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations



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13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 3269

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: POLYESTER RESIN KIT (Contens: styrene) MIXTURE
IMDG: POLYESTER RESIN KIT (Contens: styrene) MIXTURE
IATA: POLYESTER RESIN KIT (Contens: styrene) MIXTURE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: -- Limited Quantities: 5 L Tunnel restriction code: (E)

Special provision: -

IMDG: EMS: F-E, S-D Limited Quantities: 5 L



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IATA: Cargo:

Maximum quantity: 10 Kg

Pass.: Maximum quantity: 10 Kg

Packaging instructions: 370 Packaging instructions: 370

Special provision: A66, A163

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P5c

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product Point

3. Liquid substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/ 2008:

(a) hazard classes 2.1 to 2.4, 2.6 and 2.7, 2.8 types A and B, 2.9, 2.10, 2.12, 2.13 categories 1 and 2, 2.14 categories 1 and 2, 2.15 types A to F;

(b) hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10;

(c) hazard class 4.1;

(d) hazard class 5.1.

40. Substances classified as flammable gases category 1 or 2, flammable liquids categories 1, 2 or 3, flammable solids category 1 or 2, substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, category 1, 2 or 3, pyrophoric liquids category 1 or pyrophoric solids category 1, regardless of whether they appear in Part 3 of Annex VI to that Regulation or not.

Contained substance

Point 75

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

Not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:



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None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been performed for the following contained substances

STYRENE

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3
Repr. 2 Reproductive toxicity, category 2

Acute Tox. 2 Acute toxicity, category 2
Acute Tox. 3 Acute toxicity, category 3

STOT SE 1 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 1

STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1

Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1
Skin Corr. 1B Skin corrosion, category 1B
Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Resp. Sens. 1Respiratory sensitization, category 1Skin Sens. 1ASkin sensitization, category 1A

Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1

Aquatic Chronic 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1

Aquatic Chronic 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H300 Fatal if swallowed.



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H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Use descriptor system:

PROC	1	Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions.
PROC	10	Roller application or brushing
PROC	11	Non industrial spraying
PROC	12	Use of blowing agents in manufacture of foam
PROC	13	Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring
PROC	14	Tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation, granulation
PROC	15	Use as laboratory reagent
PROC	3	Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition
PROC	4	Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises
PROC	5	Mixing or blending in batch processes
PROC	7	Industrial spraying
PROC	8a	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non- dedicated facilities
PROC	8b	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities
PROC	9	Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization - INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation



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- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament

- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
 The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Training for workers:

Worker training should include content, updates and duration depending on the risk profiles assigned to the business sectors they belong